

# STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 6, 1871.

NO. 5

## The Messenger.

HENRY WOODRUFF,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.  
TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN  
ADVANCE.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,  
HORACE AUSTIN.  
For Lieutenant Governor,  
W. H. YALE.  
For Secretary of State,  
G. S. P. JENNISON.  
For State Treasurer,  
WILLIAM SEEGER.  
For Attorney General,  
F. R. E. CORNELL.  
For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court,  
S. J. R. McMILLAN,  
JOHN M. BERRY.  
\*\*\*  
DISTRICT TICKET.

For Judge of the First Judicial District,  
P. M. CROUSE, of Dakota County.

COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,  
D. M. SABIN,  
For Register of Deeds,  
A. M. DODD.  
For Sheriff,  
J. R. CARL.  
For County Treasurer,  
W. H. GETCHELL.  
For County Attorney,  
FAKETTE MARSH.  
For County Surveyor,  
A. VAN VORIES.  
County Commissioner for First District,  
JESSE H. SOULE.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVES.

From Second District—Stillwater,  
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK.  
From Third District,  
J. R. M. GASKILL.

LEGISLATIVE DIST. CONVENTION.  
The Republicans of the town of Lakeland, Afton, Mendota, Cottage Grove, Woodbury and Mendota are invited to a Convention to be held at Stillwater, on Saturday, the 7th day of October next, at 1 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing delegates to represent them in the convention to be held at St. Paul, to support the ticket at the ensuing election, for Representative in the next Legislature.  
The Convention will be comprised of the following districts, entitled to delegates as follows:  
Afton, 1; Mendota, 4; Cottage Grove, 6;  
Woodbury, 6; Newbert, 2; Mendota, 1; St. Paul, 1; ETHENEER ATRES, Committee.

Dated, September 2, 1871.

GIVEN IT UP.

The little low water boat the Charlie Cheever, whose three days fight with the sand bars, furnished the only "river" news for the St. Paul papers of late, has given it up, and made her last trip to St. Paul, and the little Nellie Kent will draw off when she gets back, if at all, from her present trip. The miniature driftwood boat, the little Otter, (smaller even than the Swallow, which the Oseola Press can run on a heavy dew) will now do the business between Prescott and St. Paul. The St. Paul merchants, however appear to be satisfied, for they receive their goods by rail from the head of navigation here, much cheaper and more speedily and safely than they ever could over the sand bars between Prescott and St. Paul.

The large steamers continue to arrive regularly from the lower Mississippi with immense loads of freight for this city, and St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. They have no difficulty whatever in reaching here; this, as well as the perfect regularity of their arrivals, is shown by the fact that each week for the past three weeks the number of arrivals has been the same—thirty seven.

The transferring of freight from steamers to cars, makes business on the levee as lively as ever. The elevator is running night and day, and wheat for this point is accumulating below faster than it can be handled with the present number of steamers and barges. About ten thousand barrels of flour have also been shipped to Duluth this week.

The last issue of Harper's Weekly published in New York, contained a large cut of Hall, Tweed, Sweeney and Connolly, in convict dress; and heavily manacled. The police, by direction of Mayor Hall, seized the whole edition. Nevertheless Hall is entitled to the uniform.

We hear that prominent democrats of capital, nerve and spunk, propose to start a new democratic paper in St. Paul. Look out for lively times among the "untutored."

### GOV. AUSTIN'S ACCEPTANCE

We give below the remarks of Gov. Austin, on accepting from the State Republican convention the nomination for Governor. Though crowded out of our last issue by the press of matter more of a local character, a speech so terse, frank and straightforward, as well as able, and so eloquent a tribute to the record and achievements of the republican party, would not be out of place at any period of the campaign.

### Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:

This hearty, enthusiastic endorsement of my administration by the people of the State is very gratifying to me, and the more so because it has been brought about without the usual party appliances, or at any attempt at a skilful manipulation of that political machinery so often resorted to in order to insure success. It may be asked, however, myself that this compliment is the response of a whole people to the question whether a public officer who fearlessly does his duty in his efforts to protect their interests at every point, shall be sustained by them or rejected.

To those who are confined to my care the executive duties of our State, I pledge myself to administer those affairs in the real interests of the people, without regard to party, section, or nationality, or to secure a removal of power or a promotion to higher office. I have, under my conscience, that, thus far I have kept the faith. I am satisfied with the results, and if they do not bring me the State, I shall have another cause to go to the polls.

The only compensation which I can promise now in return for this assurance of your good will and continued confidence, is to continue my endeavors, to the best of my ability, to guard every right and protect every weak people.

I am anxious of the result of my official acts have not been satisfactory to many—perhaps not to a majority—of the people of certain localities, but I can assure them that my failing in the matter was one of regret, the desire to consider the public interest, not my own. I have, however, no doubt that the Democratic party with all its boldness and energy, will be full, true, courageous and confident of its strength.

We need not assure you that aside from any gratification I may realize from any endorsement of my official career, I will be few, if any, years hence in the command of the forces of the Republican party in this campaign an honor to be coveted by the proudest and most fortunate of her followers. The party colors which have so gallantly borne the name of our country since '69, shall not be suffered to droop, nor the heads of its leaders be bowed, nor its ranks be full, true, courageous and confident of its strength.

Who would not be proud to be the humblest in the ranks of a party with such a history? But fifteen years a party, and but few in power, yet we have been the center of its entire resistance to the encroachments of the slave power; its organizing slavery and nationalizing freedom; its heroic devotion to the cause of the Gulf in the late civil war; its emancipation of the slaves; its successful resistance to the Southern planters; its success in the Northern states; its wise and liberal reconstruction of the Southern state, by which the ends of the War were secured and future peace guaranteed; of its success in aiding the South in its reconstruction, by which the Southern states are now, watch the Democratic party with all its boldness and energy, will be full, true, courageous and confident of its strength.

The fine compensation which I can promise now in return for this assurance of your good will and continued confidence, is to continue my endeavors, to the best of my ability, to guard every right and protect every weak people.

The finest specimens of our grain, corn, vegetables and fruits, and putting them on exhibition at the American Institute in the city of New York, establishing there the "Department of Minnesota," and at the close of the Institute Fair, in November, removing the collection to the rooms in that city occupied by the Commissioner of Immigration for Minnesota, and continuing the exhibition so long as the results should prove satisfactory.

For the purpose of inaugurating the experiment, we solicit the contribution of such articles as our Minnesota farmers and gardeners may see fit to donate for that purpose.

The finest specimens of the kind—those which will compare favorably with the productions of the same kind raised anywhere—will alone justify the trouble and expense of transportation.

A card, giving the name of the producer or the contributor, his post office address and the county where raised, should be attached to each article or lot furnished, or such information given the subscriber.

Articles on exhibition at the State Fair may be left in charge of the President or the Secretary of the Association on the grounds, or at the State Capitol. Other contributions may be sent to me by express, at the expense of the State Board of Emigration, by whom they will be forwarded to New York.

### MINNESOTA GRAIN, VEGETABLES, AND FRUIT.

The careful attention of our readers is asked for the following important communication from Governor Austin.

We trust that the people of this city and county will do their full share in aiding to bring before the people of the Eastern States, our advantages for growing fruit as well as grain and vegetable.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### TO THE LADIES

#### NEW ARRIVAL

#### FALL & WINTER

#### MILLINERY

#### GOODS

#### Mrs. Kauffman's

#### MOWER'S BLOCK,

Next door to Capron's tin shop.

Mrs. Kauffman has just received a new stock of

#### Hats, Bonnets, RIBBONS,

Genuine Ostrich and Vulture Feathers,

#### VELVETS, FANCY GOODS FOR LADIES, ETC.

Especialy adapted to the season, which are offered at

#### Extremely Low Prices.

Ladies are invited to call and examine the new goods.

Oct 6-11

#### REMOVAL.

#### C. P. SHEPARD,

DEALER IN

#### GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED,

#### PRODUCE, &c.,

Main St., Stillwater, Minn.

Has removed his store from the old building to the new brick building, two doors above the Post Office.

Oct 6-11

#### FOR SALE.

#### MR. N. HEBENSTREIT,

On account of ill health, offers for sale his

#### Stock of Goods

#### FIXTURES,

And Three Years Lease of the Store,

Oct 6-11

#### STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Washington, et al. In Probate Court, in the matter of the estate of Jacob M. Henry, late of said county deceased.

Mary B. L. Henry, representing, among other things, that she is the widow of said Jacob M. Henry deceased, and praying that the said Probate Court will direct the administration to be denied to Rudolph Lehmkne upon sole evidence of his being a drunkard.

It is ordered, that said application be denied.

It is further ordered, that said application be denied to Rudolph Lehmkne upon sole evidence of his being a drunkard.

As it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons having claims against said estate and hereby notified to present the same for adjustment.

Dated at Stillwater, O. 14th, 1871.

J. S. BUTTS, Judge of Probate.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### Co-Partnership Notice.

The Boston Post felicitously says

of the Gubernatorial candidacy of

the Butler & Ford:

"Of all bad words of tongue or pen

The saddest are these—we may have 'em."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### O'SHAUGHNESSY & FORD

(Successors to J. O'Shaughnessy.)

St. Croix Building, Main Street,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Boots & Shoes.

A large and finely selected assortment of the celebrated

Philadelphia Boots & Shoes

Equal to Barts, and much less prices.

We are prepared to do

CUSTOM WORK

In the

Most Fashionable Styles,

AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

In every instance,

O'SHAUGHNESSY & FORD.

Oct 6-11

AGENTS WANTED FOR

Triumphs of Enterprise.

A NEW BOOK BY JAMES PATTON. A history of the successful men of America, their wonderful inventions, discoveries and achievements, showing how admirable actions, noble characters, ingenuity, and physical strength have been manifested in the progress of the world. Fully illustrated. Intensely interesting, and very instructive. A rare book for agents. Send for

M. A. TANNER & CO., Publishers, 100 St. Charles, St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—Local agents wanted to sell the greatest num-

ber of copies.

WOMAN AS A WIFE AND MOTHER.

By Mrs. Chavasse, A. D. B. Which is placed

in every family with the best of thousands

of Mothers and children yearly. If you want to make money, and do good, send us one for our circulars, and terms mailed free.

Oct 6-11

DEFECTIVE PAGE

### NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS

#### NOW OPEN.

Dress Goods in great variety and very desirable.

Black and Colored Silks, Lyons Velvets, Plushes, Velveteens, Shawls, Trimmings, Hamberg Embroidery, Laces and Lace Goods, Ribbons, Collars, Ties, Gloves, English Hosiery, Blankets, Flannels, Repellants, Linens, Damasks, Napkins, Towels, Quilts, and a full line Cotton Goods.

No buyer can afford to purchase before looking through our elegant assortment of New and Desirable Goods.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.

199 Third and 4 Wabashaw Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

July 2-11

### SEYMOUR, SABIN & CO.

#### DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

We are Manufacturing extensively and will sell at St. Paul Prices, thereby saving Freights to our Customers—Guaranteeing all work to be up to the Market standard and satisfactory in all respects.

#### Siding, Flooring, Mouldings, Brackets, Frames, PLANING, MATCHING, SCROLL-SAWING, TURNING, &c. &c.

All Orders in the Various Departments Filled at Short Notice.

June 20th, 1871.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### PHILIP MULLER,

FURNITURE DEALER,

Cor. Chestnut St. & Slimson's Alley,



**SAVE MONEY**

Lake Superior &amp; Mississippi R. R.

WHEN

YOU CAN.

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.**

LOOK AT OUR

GOODS

AND

Price Them,

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Our Stock Consists of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS

NOTIONS

HATS,

LIPS,

BUTTER,

SHOES,

IRON,

STEEL,

AND NAILS

HARD-WARE

WOODEN-WARE,

GLASS-WARE,

AND CROCKERY

PARLOR AND

COOKING STOVES.

TIN-WARE

And A Good Many Other

Things To Numerous

To Mention!

**WE WARRANT****ALL GOODS**

AND DELIVER TO ANY

WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.**

On and after Sept. 20, 1871, Train will run as follows:  
 Leave Stillwater, 7:30 A. M., 2:40 P. M.  
 Arrive at Minneapolis, 9:10 A. M., 4:30 P. M.  
 Arrive at St. Paul, 9:10 A. M., 4:30 P. M.  
 Leave Minneapolis, 9:35 A. M., 5:00 P. M.  
 Leave St. Paul, 10:45 A. M., 5:30 P. M.  
 Arrive at Stillwater, 1:30 P. M., 6:30 P. M.  
 Connection N. X. Stages connect at Wyoming for Chicago City and Taylors Falls, at North Branch for St. Croix City, and at Stillwater for St. Croix City and Bayfield.  
 Trains will stop at Bayfield 2½ minutes for dinner, which will be served by Frank Peck, Esq.

W. W. HUNGERFORD,  
Genl. Superintendent.  
W. S. ALEXANDER,  
Genl. Ticket Agent.

MAIL ARRANGEMENT

AT THE

**STILLWATER POST OFFICE.**

St. Paul and Eastern Mail-Daily.  
 Arrives 1:45 a.m. | Closes 2:00 p.m.  
 Arrives 10:00 a.m. | Closes 1:00 p.m.  
 Arrives 1:00 p.m. | Closes 10:00 a.m.  
 Marine, Taylors Falls and St. Croix Falls—Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.  
 Arrives 1:00 p.m. | Closes 10:00 a.m.  
 Hastings—Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays.  
 Arrives 6:00 p.m. | Closes 7:00 a.m.  
 Lincoln Center—Arrives Tuesdays—Leaves Wednesdays  
 Arrives 6:00 p.m. | Closes 7:00 a.m.

SONG FROM GOETHE

Many thousand stars are burning  
 Brightly in the vault of night;  
 Many an earth-worn heart is yearning  
 Upward, with a fond delight.  
 Stars of beauty, stars of glory,  
 Radiant wanderers of the sky!  
 Weary of the world's sad story!  
 Ever would we gaze on high.

TAMMANY

The impairing in New York against the Tammany Democracy, and their tremendous robberies related in our last, occupies a large share of space in the daily papers. Haggerty and Buck, two of the ring, are on trial for stealing the records. We give the substance of some of the leading telegrams.

Tweed has been selling more than two millions worth of real estate, since the decision of Judge Barnard, and is hiding the money. The immense sums held by Garvey, Ingalls, Tweed, Connolly, Sweeny, and Hall in the Tench National Bank—in which all of these names, except Garvey, are Directors—are said to have been transferred to other persons.

Hall, Sweeny, Tweed, Connolly and others cannot yet be induced to resign, and the revelations at the police court in regard to the stolen vouchers only make them more obstinate in holding on to their places. While in office they believe themselves able to inspire fear in the men now at the Tombs. If one out of office, Haggerty, who knows all, might "squall," seeing that his quadrant friends have no more power.

Tweed has frightened Sweeny into sharing his fate and transferring his property.

Tweed privately boasts that no election in New York can be carried against him; and he will be miserably laid out when he comes to read the returns.

Leading Democrats declare no Tammany delegates shall be admitted to the State Convention in Rochester, next week, and Tweed declares he can buy four men or four. Bloody scenes are possible.

Hon. Robert Roosevelt, of New York city, a distinguished Democratic editor and Congressman, in his recent speech, talked in this wise:

"There is but one chance for the Democracy—one means of escape from the hopeless position in which we are placed; we must vindicate the party's reputation for honesty. We are drifting, we are driving head long, toward ruin and utter extinction. In two months our party will have ceased to exist, unless something is done to avert such fate. We have lost California, where there was every possibility of success; we have lost Maine, where there was a little hope; we shall lose Ohio, of course, and Pennsylvania and New York. It seems that we shall lose every State in the Union—unless, perhaps it be Delaware. Delaware may stand alone to uphold our principles and to sustain the party; but the rest of the Union will be long before it is riven against us, unless an effort is made to get rid of the load of disgrace which has been brought upon us by the notorious swindlers of the Ring rulers of Tammany Hall."

NEW CENSUS AND PATENT LAWS.

We are indebted to Munn & Co., publishers of the *Scientific American*, New York, for a neat little bound volume of 120 pages, entitled as above. It contains the complete census of 1870, showing the population by counties, of all the States and Territories, with their areas, and the population of the principal cities. Also, the new patent laws in full, with forms, official rules, directions how to obtain patents, copyrights, regulations for trade marks, assignments, how to sell patents, etc. Also, a large variety of valuable information relating to water-wheels, steam engines, and other mechanism, with many useful tables and recipes, 175 diagrams of mechanical movements, etc. We advise everybody to send for it as above. Price, 25 cents. A more valuable compendium, so far as small a price, has never been published.

No doubt it is a great deal pleasanter to die for some beautiful women than to live with them."

## GRAPES OF THORNS.

We must not hope to be mowers,  
 And to gather the ripe, gold ears,  
 Unless we have first loosed sowers,  
 And watered the furrows with tears.  
 It is not just as we take it—  
 This mystical world of ours;  
 Little field will yield, as we make it,  
 A harvest of thorns or flowers!

## JOTTINGS.

Washington Irving once said of a pompous American diplomatist: "An he is a great man, in his own estimation, a very great man, a man of great weight. When he goes to the west the east tips up."

A man who'd maliciously set fire to a barn," said good old Elder Payson, and burn up a stable full of horses and cows, ought to be kicked to death by a jackson, and I'd like to be the one to do it."

A man at Fulton wants a lost limb restored to him. The last he saw of it, it was spinning in the air in front of a small buzz saw. He says he never saw a saw saw the way that saw saws.

The Macon (Ga.) Telegraph and Messenger says: "A colored loyal Benedict approached a gentleman of this city the other day, and said: 'Messa Wilkins, look me good in the face, and tell me how much white man I is.' He was informed that he had, possibly as much as one fourth of white blood in his veins, Well, say'd Sambo, dat is all I want to know; kase I had a daughter born to me lately an' its as white as you is. Now Ise gwine to give my old woman three weeks to turn dat chile black, and if she don't do it, I quits her on the spot! I isn't no fool if I is a niggard?"

A Boston paper, under head of "The Orphan," gives the following, from reminiscences of Artemus Ward: "Artemus had just lost his father, and one day, at the store in his little village, he met a veteran drunkard, some ninety years of age, who had been constantly 'corned' on new rye for forty years. 'Wall, Charles,' said the veteran, so you've lost your father?' He assented. Wall, continued the veteran, I've neither father nor mother. 'And the old chuss?' Artemus used to say, 'cleaned up against a barrel of No. 2 mackerel and wept because he was an orphan.'

The last number of the *Hearth & Home* contains the beginning of a new story by Edward Eggleston, entitled "The Hoosier School Master." This story of life on Flat Creek in Hoop County, is full of graphic pictures of out-of-the-way life in one of the older western States, and will be completed before the end of the year. Subscriptions will be received from this number to one dollar. Orange Judd & Co., 245 Broadway, N. Y., are the publishers.

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The "National Sunday School Teacher," Chicago, for October, is on our table, filled as usual with the very best matter for teachers and superintendents. This magazine has kept on improving from its first appearance till now, near the close of its sixth volume. Its circulation of 40,000, and 10,400,000 of its monthly issue of Lesson Papers, show the estimation in which it is held by Sunday-school workers. The publishers offer to furnish from October to December, inclusive, for 30c. Here is a chance for schools to try the National Series of Lessons.

## Legal.

**STATE OF MINNESOTA.** County of Washington—In Probate Court.  
 The matter of the estate of Jerome McGowan, late of Stillwater, Minn.—Upon reading and filing the petition of Catherine McGowan, representing that she is widow of Jerome McGowan, deceased, for reorganization of her estate, that C. Powell Adams, of the County of Dakota, State of Minnesota, be appointed administrator of said estate.

It is ordered, That said application be heard and determined on the 27th day of October next at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day.

That notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, by publishing a copy of this order for seven days in the *Stillwater Messenger*, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

E. G. BUTTS, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, First Judicial District, County of Washington, District Court.

Madonna Sophia Hoffman et al., Plaintiff in

the above entitled cause, and the defendant in the same, having filed their respective answers, and the cause having been fully tried and decided in the Circuit Court of the County of Washington, State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, 1871, and the same having been affirmed in the Court of Appeals, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1872, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1873, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1874, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1875, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1876, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1877, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1878, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1879, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1880, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1881, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1882, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1883, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1884, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1885, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1886, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1887, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1888, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1889, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1890, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1891, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1892, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1893, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1894, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1895, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1896, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1897, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1898, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1899, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1900, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1901, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1902, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1903, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1904, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1905, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1906, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1907, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1908, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1909, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1910, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1911, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1912, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1913, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1914, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1915, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1916, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1917, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1918, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1919, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1920, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1921, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1922, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1923, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1924, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1925, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1926, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1927, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1928, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1929, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1930, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1931, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1932, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1933, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1934, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1935, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1936, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1937, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1938, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1939, and the same having been affirmed in the Supreme Court of the United States, on the 27th day of January, 1940, and the same having 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# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 6, 1871.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### LOCAL BREVIETIES.

INDIAN Summer is in all its glory. It is a delightful time for a trip to the Dunes of the St. Croix.

The new passenger depot is about completed.

But one raft of logs has been shipped down the river this week.

1750 tickets have been sold at the Superior depot here within the last month.

A gentle mist yesterday introduced the rain which has been missed so long.

A team was yesterday loaded and started to the pines from Torius Staples & Co's store.

Mr. J. S. ANDERSON has raised some delicious peaches from some young trees in his garden this season.

The swede Larson who escaped from the Penitentiary, has come back again being captured near his old home in Anoka County.

The removal of the remains still in the old cemetery, will be commenced on the 20th. They will be taken to the Fairview Cemetery, and Baytown Cemetery.

JO. DAHM is putting up a Main street store front to one of his cases in the bluff in lower town, and intends to have a house club from it along up the hill someday.

MINNIE, the little daughter of Judge Batts, accidentally fell and broke her arm just above the wrist, while climbing over the fence on Sunday last. Dr. Reiner was called, and his little patient is doing well.

Mrs. J. W. BONELL of Afton, had her face badly sealed, while coming pie plant last Wednesday. She had put in the cork and was about to apply the cement, when the cork flew out and the hot fluid and steam blew into her face.

MR. J. M. HENRY, the owner of the "New Idea" saloon building, died suddenly at his residence at Oak Park, during Thursday night last. He retired in good health but in the morning his wife discovered him to be dead in his bed. The cause is supposed to be heart disease.

DR. RHODES was surprised a few days ago by seven bushels of splendid potatoes, from the farm of Mr. Wm. E. Van Tassel, the half product of half a bushel of a choice variety which he had let Mr. Van Tassel have in the spring. Dr. Rhodes is satisfied with his investment—double seven sold.

A PRISONER named Lansing, with several other aliases, who has served three terms in the penitentiary, was taken on a week ago by Sheriff of Olmsted County, to be tried on a charge which would probably give him another term, succeeded in making his escape near Rochester. His bonds had been removed and he had simply jumped from a window and disappeared in the bushes.

PERSONAL.—HOR. W. H. C. FULGER, son of Taylor's Falls was in the city a couple of days since.

BREV. A. B. Bishop, lately pastor of the Methodist Church in this city, has been sent by the Annual Conference, held at Mankato to Austin. No appointment for Stillwater appears on the list; it being marked "to be supplied."

Mr. J. McCarty, of this city has gone to St. Paul to go into business there.

Capt. James Fairgrieve, of New York city, who has come to Minnesota for his health, has settled in this city for the practice of his profession, that of the law, and has taken an office over the First National Bank. Capt. Fairgrieve is a man of experience and ability in his profession, and is a courteous and agreeable gentleman. He has been practicing law in New York city, but his health having been impaired by arduous service throughout the war, having entered the army as a private he has come to our wonderful climate for restoration. He will receive a most cordial welcome from the Stillwater people, and from his brethren of the bar.

If you wish to purchase some of these Rambutan Apples, which are unexcelled for eating or cooking purposes at this season of the year, go to Moore & Kinsella's. You can purchase them in quantities to suit your selves.

SHERMAN'S "CIRCUMFERNANUS" is great sensation at Concert Hall, this week. The Great Nicker astounds the audience by his wonderful feats, among which are the shooting, living lead, d-captured body, and other performances equally wonderful. One of the most taking items of the performance is the procession leaving the hall after the performance, led with such articles as bananas, gold wafers, lounge barrels of apples, beans, bedstands and articles of less value. The leading prize for this evening is a valuable hunting case watch. Sherman and Nickle remain through the week and give a matinee Sat. evening.

BEAT, the celebrated Minneapolis photographer, has met with a great triumph at the State Fair at the Minneapolis Fair, as will be seen by our article elsewhere in these columns. For the best likenesses and finest pictures go to Beat's renowned gallery.

MNISTO APPLES.—Hebenstret has just received from a man living in the suburbs of the city, seven bushels of apples grown upon a tree in his yard. They are of the finest variety, large, fine looking, juicy and of excellent flavor.

THE NEW RAILROAD.—Engineer Sewell, Mr. G. W. Armstrong, and a number of others in the interest of the St. Paul, Stillwater & Taylors Falls Railroad, were in the city a few days since to see about securing the right of way from Butler's warehouse through to Myrtle street. We are informed that the track will probably be laid through to Myrtle street near the Superior depot this fall.

All goods are delivered free of charge from the store of Moore & Kinsella.

### THE COUNTY FAIR.

The annual fair of the Washington County Agricultural Society was held at Cottage Grove on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The exhibition was unusually fine and attractive, and the attendance large.

The application of J. Mallin for refunding of money on same sewer, was referred to the city Attorney.

The Recorder was instructed to issue an order for \$75 to N. Hebenstret, for damages to grading. Willard's tract, a compromise being effected at that amount.

The exhibiting of fruit was another demonstration of the rapid strides Minnesota is taking as a fruit growing State. One could not wish for clearer apples and grapes, or a greater variety than in exhibition. Such an exhibition is of immense advantage in encouraging still more the planting of trees and vines without delay, by every household.

In the quality and size of grain and vegetables, the exhibition was of course unsurpassed, for Washington county is one of the champion counties of the State. Indeed her potatoes and many other vegetables we have never seen equalled anywhere. It is hoped that some of the fruits and vegetables will be sent to New York for exhibition, in accordance with the suggestions of Gov. Austin, published elsewhere. In no better way could the agricultural and fruit growing advantages of our country be shown.

The people of Cottage Grove and neighborhood have done themselves credit, and shown a most generous hospitality. We hope that the next Fair may be held in this city, and that the people of Stillwater will show themselves equally public spirited, and make the Fair next year an even greater success.

A GOOD CHANCE.—Hebenstret advertises elsewhere his stock of groceries, provisions, etc.; fixtures and lease of stores, for sale on account of ill health. It is a good show for some one, he has a good stand and a well-paying business.

ELEVATOR AND RAILROAD NOTES

Receipts at the elevator of wheat amount to 38,000 bushels from barges since October 1st, and 4,300 from trucks, during the past week. Price from 1.10 to 1.05, which is in a margin of 13 cents from Milwaukee's price.

There have been about 10,000 barrels of flour transported at this point for the East. Dubuque during the week, besides 15 car loads of merchandise for St. Paul, and 200 cars of freight for other points. The freight on flour to the East has advanced to cents per barrel from Milwaukee, Chicago and Dubuque, since Oct. 2d. From Stillwater and points below the rise on flour to Dubuque is 40 cents per barrel.

BE SURE and read Schlenk's advertisement. It is to the point. He means business.

CHINESE CORRESPONDENCE.

STILLWATER, 1st day, 10th Month.  
MASTER PAPER MAN—I chin chin—you—I

want some little talk long time. I hear about China. I live at Ching Sow I come here, I see little town on Chingman river. I buy smallie before for Chon Chon—I talk to man; I say, where you buy big beeff? He say, at Sante Paule How muchee you give Sante Paule every monsoon? He say, four thousand dollar, three for me and one for Sante Paule man. I say, you like he? He say, not muchee. Hi val! What for then you give Sante Paule so muchee dollar, you never see that доле again? He say, we got Fair or market to buy big beeff. I say, at Ching Foo, we fit smalle sweater. We all buy big hal sugar square we sell sweater Good fashion that. Why you no do me thing I think you to number feafe—please s'hallo to X'GR. M. YAM. Citizen of the world

THE "BENTON CHINESE" whose extensive and popular shop dealer has entered into partnership with Mr. P. Ford, and the announcement of the new firm of P. Ford & Co., the co-partnership of the two men in another column. They are prompt energetic men, have a large business, and will make it profitable for customers to deal there. Go, look at their large stock, and see for yourselves.

PLEASANT REUNION.—There was a very pleasant family meeting of the Murdoch family on Tuesday, at the residence of Hon. H. R. Murdoch, in this city; brothers and other relatives of Mr. Murdoch, were present from St. Paul, Taylor's Falls, New Richmond, Wisconsin, and Cold Spring New York.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION vs. RAILROADS.

Speaking of a new route opened this season and the immense amounts of freight transported from the East to points on the lower Mississippi by the way of the great Lakes, Dubuque and Stillwater the Minnesotans have the following:

SELLER is setting in the finest stock of French, German and American Cloths and Camisoles, ever brought to Stillwater. He will make them up in the best style, and fit them to all cases in all cases.

CHOICE NEW GOODS.—Mr. Wm. E. Turner has just received from the East, what he has purchased a large stock of the choicest goods of every variety, and most taking styles. Pictures will be more attractive than ever, and that is saying a great deal.

THE extensive trade that Mr. Testevine has built up and is still increasing throughout this region, like his work is a evidence of the advantages of his work.

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"BEAL AGAIN TRIUMPHANT."—We bring the following article, with the above heading from the Minneapolis Tribune, referring to the election of photographs &c., on exhibition at the State Fair, from Beal's celebrated gallery at Minneapolis.

Beal has again swept the board—and on his second display has the fine ribbons and labels, the largest and handsomest collection of pictures of all kinds, 1st premium; photographs in oil, 1st premium; photographs in water, 1st premium; photographs in ink, 1st premium; photographs on cards, 1st premium; size life photographs, 1st premium; size life photographs, 1st premium;—one first premium in each class.

H. P. BOYLAN, who a year or two since made such a splash in St. Paul, and is worthy of remark that each picture—every kind—was made by him individually. Beal never, under any circumstances, exhibited any picture which he did not himself paint.

Among his collections were many of St. Paul's brave men and fair women, which attracted great attention. As we remarked in yesterday's Tribune, "the display for executives and other exhibitions we ever attended, and the artist who takes the first premium may with all propriety advertise himself as the 'Champion of the Northwest'." Beal takes the lead in this.

All goods are delivered free of charge from the store of Moore & Kinsella.

### CITY COUNCIL

The City Council had a regular meeting on Tuesday evening; \$4,87 was ordered refunded to Jos. Schupp, being money paid by him on his share of the cost of Main street sewer.

The application of J. Mallin for refunding of money on same sewer, was referred to the city Attorney.

The Recorder was instructed to issue an order for \$75 to N. Hebenstret, for damages to grading. Willard's tract, a compromise being effected at that amount.

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The people of Cottage Grove and neighborhood have done themselves credit, and shown a most generous hospitality. We hope that the next Fair may be held in this city, and that the people of Stillwater will show themselves equally public spirited, and make the Fair next year an even greater success.

A HEALTHFUL AND CHEERFUL LUXURY.

How many of our readers do not remember with a thought of pleasure the cheerful old fashioned fire place, with its graceful light and warmth, and its tokens of generous cheer? Its recollections of the feasts of apples, cider and nuts, nowhere more enjoyed than before that high-heaped pile of blazing wood and glowing coals. For surely no fire-place is one of the luxuries of the earth; and in these days of society it is a source of great pleasure.

It is difficult to find a more appropriate place for a fireplace than in the home of the husband and wife, in the quietude of the family circle. The fire does not interfere with the convenience of the room, nor with the comfort of the inmates.

It is a source of great pleasure.



# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 14, 1871.

## THE SHAKER SERVICE AT MOUNT LEBANON.

Upon the bench next to the front, staring at the wide painted arch of the ceiling, at the shiny smooth floor, at the blinds of which the light quivered painfully, and at the vacant benches along the opposite walls—there “we sat, with an awful feeling at the heart, wondering what strange thing would happen. And while we staved, a door opened on the left, and in trooped a company of—what shall we call them? It was as if Gabrie had blown his horn over just one selected little moss-grown grave-yard—and only the ghosts had heard and arisen. Dear ghosts of our grandmothers!—they flitted before us so pale, so sweet, so faintly arrayed from their resurrection morn!

Then opened another door, and the Shaker brethren stalked in on tiptoe in solemn, grotesque procession—occupying seats opposite the sisters.

At first a pause, but presently the worshippers arise and walk about indifferently, till, in an instant, the moving mass crystallizes into definite form; the sisters and brothers ranged in rows facing each other, the sexes separated near the farther wall by but little space, while the dividing avenue widens out toward the visitors or like the letter V. Just to see that company standing there with folded hands! The sisters with their white capes, spotless white kerchiefs crossed upon immaculate bosoms, folded handkerchiefs hanging over prim arms, drab skirts in serene, east-iron plates, and high-heeled shoes. The brethren in their sombre, brown-gray suits, long coats, large white turn-down collars, and hair cut straight across the forehead.

Now a brother at the other end of the vis-a-vis—an old man with a Duke of Wellington face—steps forward and begins to speak in a subdued, hesitating monotone. He tells what a privilege it is to dwell thus in unity and peace, with all occasions for strife removed; and as he warms a little with his theme his body sways backward and forward, and at every few words he lifts himself on his toes and comes down upon his heels with a jerk. After the Duke has been delivered of his burden, another and another step out from the men's side, and utter a few sing-song sentences of experience or exhortation—declaring how blessed this oneness of the faithful—praying that they all may be enabled to continue in angel life. Sitting with closed eyes you might think, for all the world, that you were in an old-fashioned Methodist prayer meeting just before it had reached the hallooing point.

Again they wander around and again take sudden shape. This time the whole company stand in rows with their backs to the world's people—all save a single line stretching along the wall, with their faces toward their companions and toward the world.

Another pause, a low, eddying wail; a few twanging notes in solo; a swift shrilling choros—and the multitude has started into motion. Those in the single line along the wall hold out their hands, palms up and beckon, in time with the singing; the same time is kept, both with hands and feet, by the great company of worshippers—two steps forward toward the wall, then three quick tramps—right about face—backward and forward—now and then five or six sharp claps of the hand, and above all that wild, exultant melody, ““and on and ever on,”“with never a pause between the verses. No bair nor ait, The deep voices of the men following the air on the lower octaves, made a strange, surging undertone. Shriller and shriller rises the chorus; the dancers sway from side to side; you think you see a brighter glisten in their downcast eyes, and the faces of some are lit with an inward ecstasy. Others move with a jaunty swing and kick, as if there were a mischievous twinkle under the mask of their stolid features.

In an instant all is still. Then out of one more scene of apparently inextricable confusion is involved, with military precision, another figure: a central group, a circle around this, and another circle including all. The pitch is given, the hymn is started, and the circles move in opposite directions, with bewildering effect. The outer circle is so large that the Shaker plats and honeyspun brush, in passing, against worldly flounces and broadcloth.

Those lovely old women demurely skipping by with that queer flopping of the hands—what are they doing here? Why aren't they crooning over the cradles of their grandchildren, or brightening homely fire-sides with the light of their sweet, motherly old faces? The pink-cheeked girl that just went past, did you notice (or was it only our imagination) that wistful glances toward the world's girls on the benches? What wizened, hopeless faces are those that follow!

And the men—representatives of all classes and kinds. Wellingtons, Benjamin Franklin French Revolutionists of the Robespierre type; a dromy-eyed Robert Falconer; a compact old Methodist presiding elder; a Continental soldier; and once in a while a countenance almost idiotic. There were other dunces. In the midst of one exercise, a boy went up that made us start: “O, I'm glad I can live the angel life here below!” piped small brother on the left. He went off into a nervous paroxysm and stood shaking for what seemed many minutes with a seemed fearful intensity. But none of the worshippers appeared, all disturbed by the eccentricity of

the little brother who loved the angel life. From what we heard afterwards, we suppose they were used to him.

After a while the backless benches—which had been piled at each end of the room—were brought out and the brothers and sisters sat down facing each other, with their handkerchiefs spread over their knees. Then a dark-brown brother, with a very dignified bearing, and a sadness in his large eyes, came forward and took up his position in front of us poor sinners. So we poor sinners turned, turned and looked upon ourselves. It was a contrast striking enough. There all was “gray and melancholy” as the ocean waste. Here bloomed a terrace parterre of richest flowers. But to the eyes of that storm prophet as he stood gazing full upon us, the contrast was deeper, more portentous, pitiful.

He thanked us for the respect we had shown their worship; he told how this little band was striving to imitate Christ; to follow the example of the early church; to live the angel life, where there is neither marrying or giving in marriage. He flashed into eloquence when he pointed to the sin and misery within the shadow of our splendid cathedrals; his lip curled with scorn as he spoke of our preaching peace with the bullet. Others of the brethren made short addresses in a similar strain, after which the service was declared ended.

Wasn't the dancing funny? and how could we keep from laughing? It was the funniest thing that ever we behold—and we never, in our lives, feel less inclined to laughter. If the greatest jokers of all ages had united in devising the most consummately comical exhibition that could by any means be devised; if they had invented the quaintest costumes in the world and hung them upon the most outlandish set of people under the canopy; if they had succeeded in inducing these people to comport themselves in the most ridiculous manner possible, they could not have produced a diversion more exquisitely absurd than the Shakers dance.

Frank Daggett, formerly of the Wabasha Herald and more recently of the La Crosse Leader, is setting type in a Milwaukee office.

The Duluth Tribune has made its reappearance, clad in new and handsome raiment, and looking as if it meant business,” and it says it does.

Moorhead is the name of the village just laid out at the Red River crossing of the N. P. R. R.

The publication of the New York city accounts show heavier burdens than those exposed in the Times as committed against the county. It is estimated that \$12,000,000 a year are paid out in sinecure salaries to the instruments of the Tammany ring, consisting of bruisers and political ruffians of all sorts. One of the investigating committee calculates that at least one-third of the money expended is stolen by the ring. Judge Barnard says it is a fact that nearly all the fast horses and fast women in New York are supported from the city treasury.

WINTHROP YOUNG, the Democratic candidate for Governor, in his acceptance of the nomination gives the following thrust at Gov. Austin for having dared to veto the corrupt bill of the “land grabbers” in the legislature last winter:

“Nor should I deny the capacity of man for self-government, by refusing to the direct representatives of the people an appeal of such necessities, which had been fairly passed upon and shall not come in conflict with the fundamental law of the state.”

So of course, no matter if the majority of a legislature should pass a bill which would work untold injury to the State. No matter by what means, the “dead man” would sign it. How will honest Democrats take this bid for votes. It is fortunate that there is no possibility of the election of such a man.

Then, I would have a large sink, with a permanent soapstone or marble washbowl, for washing the dishes, and another for draining. I would also have an adjustable tank leading from the hot water tank to either of these basins. Besides this, sundry cupboards and closets arranged on the wall, so as to be tasteful and decorative, as well as convenient.”

Then a space devoted to tiny drawers, such as one sees in a drug store, and labelled in this manner: Soda, allspice, nutmegs, cream of tartar, etc., so that at a single glance I could discover just what I wanted, without rumaging to find these things in some out-of-the-way corner, placed by his giving a brief spasmodic struggle, and uttering a groan. His wife, alarmed, at once arose and struck a light, but when she returned to his bedside, her husband was dead. Mr. Hiskey was the superintendent of schools at Minneapolis, and was universally regarded as a fine scholar, a close student, a practical and large-hearted Christian, and one of the most prominent educators in the west.

The TWO GREAT TUNNELS.

The following statement will give the reader an opportunity of comparing the dimensions, cost, &c., of the two great tunnels of the world: Mont Cenis tunnel—Length, 12,236 metres, or nearly eight miles; width, 26 feet 6 inches; height, 20 feet; cost, \$13,000,000; time occupied in construction, 9 years; number of workmen employed, about 2,000.

Hoosac Tunnel—Length, 20,061 feet, or about 4½ miles; width, 24 feet; height, 21 feet; cost, about \$3,000,000; time of construction, when completed, nearly 20 years; number of workmen employed, about 700 at present, but much less during most of the time the work has been prosecuted. Having no rent to pay, his prices are much below ordinary rates.”

## DULUTH ITEMS.

The Duluth Herald says: The action of the waves during the storm of Wednesday night somewhat changed the appearance of the new cribs lately put down at the breakwater; and, although neither the strength nor usefulness of these artificial checks to the liveliness of old Superior are at all affected, the elegant work of the contractors who put them down is somewhat spoiled so far as looks are concerned. The bottom on which the new cribs rest has been somewhat changed by the under-tow. No damage, however, of any consequence, has resulted.

The Star hotel, at Duluth, was burned on Sunday morning last. The flames caught the house of Mr. Brewster, a few feet distant, and in a few moments it, too, was totally destroyed. The loss by the fire must have been from \$3,000 to \$4,000, upon which there was insurance. On Monday noon the roof of the steam saw mill of Munger & Gray was discovered to be on fire, but it was extinguished without serious damage.

Lake Superior has again been on a bender.

## MINNESOTA NEWS.

The Minneapolis and St. Louis Railway Company have laid down the iron from Minneapolis to a point just north of the Minnesota river, opposite Shakopee, and in a few days the cars will be at Chaska.

The Hastings and Dakota Railway Company have finished the grading of the road between Credit river and Shakopee and are now engaged in laying the track. On Wednesday morning the track layers were within about two miles and a half of Shakopee.

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This does not oppress you so strongly while you are under the influence of the spell. It is when you are riding home through God's green and lovely world, and the birds chirp and flit among the branches over your heads,—God's own world, full of all the harmonies of sound and color.

Then the Shaker song rings in your memory, unmeaning, mournful, the Shaker life, with its selfish self-delusion, stands before you, barren, false, godless.—The Old Cabinet, in Scribner's for October.

## WHAT A KITCHEN SHOULD BE.

I would have a kitchen well lighted; some, yes, great deal of the broad, expansive sunlight coming in, as if it had a perfect right to be there. That would, of course necessitate large windows. And then I would give as much attention to the ventilation of a kitchen as I would to a sleeping room. I would have a large circular devise suspended over the cooking stove, with a hole in the center, and a tube leading to the top of the house, to carry off the savory smells which the process of cooking generates, and prevent them from permeating the house.

Then, I would have a large sink, with a permanent soapstone or marble washbowl, for washing the dishes, and another for draining. I would also have an adjustable tank leading from the hot water tank to either of these basins. Besides this, sundry cupboards and closets arranged on the wall, so as to be tasteful and decorative, as well as convenient.”

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## Nic. Hebenstreit,

Dealer in all kinds of

## FRUITS, CHOICE PAPER, FAMILY GROCERIES.

Choice Butter and Fresh Eggs always on hand.

All kinds of Fruits in season constantly kept on

May 10-11.

Webster Bros.

GENERAL PAINTERS.

Shop on Second Street, south of Chestnut.

Fresco, Sign, Ornamental & House

PAINTING.

Graining, Glazing, & Paper Hanging.

Grating done in imitation of Oak, Hickory, Beechwood, Mahogany, Chestnut, &c.

June 12-13.

The Two most Successful, Popular and Perfect

COOKING MACHINES

MACHINES OF THE PERIOD

ARE OUR WELL-KNOWN

EATABLE.

A very desirable 5 acre lot, built of city stone, on Main Street, south of Chestnut, is for sale, and suitable for market garden. Will also be used for building lots.

Large good houses and lots, cheap building lots, and farming lands. Sales will be made at favorable terms of payment.

H. R. MURDOCK, March 28, 1871.

Stillwater, March 28, 1871.

STILLWATER, MINN.

FOR SALE.

A very desirable 5 acre lot, built of city stone, on Main Street, south of Chestnut, is for sale, and suitable for market garden. Will also be used for building lots.

Large good houses and lots, cheap building lots, and farming lands. Sales will be made at favorable terms of payment.

H. R. MURDOCK, March 28, 1871.

STILLWATER, MINN.

IMPORTANT TO

LUMBERMEN

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Will be offered by the

Lake Superior & Mississ. R. R. Co.

To lumbermen desiring to engage in business on the line of this road in the way of

Low Prices for Stumpage,

on Pine Timber, and

Special Rates for Freight,

And every facility afforded to make the business permanent and profitable.

Apply to

LAND COMMISSIONER

Lake Superior & Mississ. R. R. Co.

No. 78 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.

June 8-9.

CORNMAN & LECKY,

Attorneys at Law,

Office in Holcomb's Block, corner of Main and Chestnut Streets,

STILLWATER, MINN.

THOMAS LECKY,

CHARTER OAK STOVES,

AND SHEET-IRON WARE

Will be offered by the

LAKE SUP & MISS. R. R. CO.

To lumbermen desiring to engage in business on the line of this road in the way of

Low Prices for Stumpage,

on Pine Timber, and

Special Rates for Freight,

And every facility afforded to make the business permanent and profitable.

Apply to

LAND COMMISSIONER</p

**SAVE MONEY**

WHEN

YOU CAN.

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.**

LOOK AT OUR

GOODS

AND

Price Them,

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Our Stock Consists of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS

NOTIONS

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

IRON,

STEEL,

AND NAILS,

HARD-WARE

WOODEN WARE,

GLASS WARE,

AND CROCKERY

PARLOR AND

COOKING STOVES.

TIN-WARE

And A Good Many Other

Things To Numerous

To Mention!!

**WE WARRANT****ALL GOODS**

AND DELIVER TO ANY

WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.**

Lake Superior &amp; Mississippi R.R.

Legal.

On and after Sept. 20, 1871, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Stillwater.	7:30 A.M.	2:40 P.M.
Arrives Minneapolis.	9:10 A.M.	4:30 P.M.
Arrives at St. Paul.	9:30 A.M.	4:15 P.M.
Leaves Minneapolis.	9:30 A.M.	5:00 P.M.
Leaves St. Paul.	10:15 A.M.	5:00 P.M.
Leaves Minneapolis.	11:45 A.M.	6:00 P.M.
Arrives at Stillwater.	1:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M.

Connection at X. P. J. Junction with the Northern Pacific Railroad, and thence to the Northern Pacific for Superior City and Taylors Falls, at North Branch; for Sunrise City, Cambridge and Isanti; at Pine City for Brainerd, and Duluth, Superior, and Superior City.

Trains will stop at Stillwater 20 minutes for dinner, which will be served by Frank P. Hall, Esq.

W. H. HUNTERFORD,  
Gen. Superintendent.W. S. ALEXANDER,  
Gen'l Ticket Agent.**MAIL ARRANGEMENT**

AT THE

**STILLWATER POST OFFICE**

St. Paul and Eastern Mail-Delly.

Arrives 11:45 A.M. Closes 2:00 P.M.

Holidays—Daily.

Arrives 9:00 A.M. Closes 10:00 A.M.

Marine, Taylors Falls and St. Croix Falls—Tuesday,

Thursdays—Wednesday.

Arrives 10:00 A.M. Closes 10:30 A.M.

Hastings—Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays—Leaves

Wednesdays—Arrives Thursdays—Leaves

Arrives 6:00 P.M. Closes 7:00 A.M.

Lincoln Center—Arrives Tuesdays—Leaves Wednesdays

Arrives 6:00 P.M. Closes 7:00 A.M.

NO MORTGAGE ON THE FARM.

BY JOHN H. YATES.

Mary let's kill the fatted calf and celebrate this day. For the last dread mortgage on the farm has now been wiped away; I have the papers with me, they are right as right can be—Let us laugh and sing together, for the dear old farm is free!

Dont let the Yankees celebrate the fourth day of July, for they're then that freedom's sun lit up the nation's sky; Why should we celebrate, and this day never forget?

Where is there any freedom like being out of debt?

I've riz up many a mornin' an hour 'fore the sun;

And night has overtaken me 'fore my task was done.

When weary with my labor, twas this thought that nerched my arm;

Each day of toil will help to pay the mortgage on the farm.

Aud, Mary, you have done your part in rowing to the shore,

By taking eggs and butter to the little village store;

You may spend your money in dressing up to show,

But sang from morn till evening in your faded calico.

And Bessy, our sweet daughter—God bless her loving heart;

The lad that gets her for a wife must be by nature smart—

She's gone without piano, her lonely hours to charm,

To have a hand in paying off the mortgage on the farm.

Pll build a little cottage soon, to make your heart rejoice;

I'll buy a good piano, too, to go with Bessy's voice.

You shall not make your buster with that up and down concert;

For I'll go this very day and buy the finest patent churn.

Lay by your faded calico, and go with me to town,

And get yourself and baby a new and shining gown.

Low prices for our produce need give us no alarm,

Spruce on a little Mary, there's no mortgage on the farm.

While our hearts are now so joyful, let us, Ma—

ry not forget.

To thank the God in Heaven for being out of debt;

For he gave the rains and sunshine, and put strength into my arm;

And he lengthened out on days to see no mortgage on the farm.

SCRIBNERS FOR OCTOBER.

"An Island on fire" is the title of a graphic article on the great volcaneans of Hawaii, by Dr. T. M. Coan. The writer spent the first eighteen years of his life within thirty miles of Kilauea, and his descriptions vivid and absorbingly interesting are from his own observations, or those of other members of his family. The illustrations are remarkably effective, and include pictures of the Lake of Fire, Mauna Loa, Coast formed by Volcanic Action, Lava Stream, Pouring into the Sea, the Falling Mountain, and a Volcanic Wave Breaking on the Shore of Hawaii. There is also a carefully prepared map of the several eruptions. The "Last of the Pueblos" is an interesting account (with a fine portrait engraving) of Eunice Mahewee, the last of a powerful New England tribe of Indians, by Benson J. Lossing. In "Water, its Ways and Uses," we have a piece of popular science, set off by appropriate illustrations. The most important item in the number, however, is Mr. Fancher's "Was Adam the First Man?" It is here contended that the Mosaic record furnishes "strong intimations that other nations than the descendants of Adam dwelt on the earth." Perhaps, says the writer, the concealed theories of what revelation teaches will meet with disastrous overthrow; but when readjusted upon correct principles, there will be no antagonism with revelation? There is a capital paper by Edward Spencer on "The Philosophy of Good Health;" a "pleasant sketch of a Summer Trip to Newfoundland," by G. W. Benjamin; a very bright story by Mr. Walker; "The Clock-Cubby and the Blue-Room;" and a strange story, entitled "The Eleventh Cat," by Albert Webster, Jr. Wilford Gumberode grows in interest as the story advances, and the lovers of MacDonald will be glad to learn that it will not be concluded for some time yet. In the poetry line we have some remarkable verses by H. E. Warner; "In the Old Valley of Shadows," an illustrated poem; "The Storm Chaser," by W. E. D., with two shorter poems. The Editorial Department is unusually full and interesting. Dr. Holland, in "Topics of the Time," pays a deserved tribute to the late Charles C. Colton, and the history of whom the Monthly was named. Diseases "Sheepherds and their Flocks," "The Difficulty with Dickens," "The Improved American," in "The Old Cabinet" there is a description of the Shaker Service at the Annual Meeting, and a characteristic sketch of a New England Town Meeting, by Mr. Birrell.

With the first number of the third volume (November), Scribner's *Monthly* will be enlarged, and greatly increased in popular interest. The price will increase to \$1 per year, or at the rate of 10 cents a month, \$1 per year, or the publishers promise to spare no pains or expense to make it the best magazine in the world.

For Sale at a Bargain.

Now Sixteen Spec. Mill.

The undersigned offers for sale at half its value the

new Spec. Mill, known as Short's mill,

the best of nearly all new, for a hundred

millions of lbs. For terms apply to L. S. Follett,

at the First National Bank, Hennepin and Nicollet,

Aug. 1871 STEPHEN GARDNER.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Washington, ss.

In Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of

John Colby, deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Mary B. L.

Henry, representing, among other things, that she is

entitled to the sum of \$1000, for reasons therein

stated, and for reasons given in her petition, and

it is ordered, that notice of said application

be given to the parties named in the petition,

and to the Sheriff of Washington County, to be

published three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the

STILLWATER MESSENGER, weekly newspaper published

in said county of Washington.

Dated at Stillwater, Aug. 1871.

E. G. BUTTS, Judge of Probate.

W. H. WATSON, Commissioner.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Jerome C. Holman,

deceased.

Upon reading and filing the petition of Catherine Mc-

Howan, representing that she is entitled to the sum of

\$1000, for reasons therein stated, and for reasons therein

set forth, that C. Powell Adams, of the County of

Washington, Minnesota, appointed administrator

of said estate.

It is ordered, That notice of said application be given to the parties named in the petition,

and to the Sheriff of Washington County, to be

published three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the

STILLWATER MESSENGER, weekly newspaper published

in said county of Washington.

Dated at Stillwater, Sept. 1871.

E. G. BUTTS, Judge of Probate.

W. H. WATSON, Commissioner.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, First Judicial District,

County of Washington, District Court.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant,

You are hereby summoned and required to answer

the complaint in this action, a copy of which is

now on file with the Clerk of the Court, and to appear

on the 25th day of October next, at 10 o'clock A.M.,

in the Court Room of the County Courthouse, at Stillwater, Minnesota, to answer the cause of action then pending between the plaintiff and the defendant, and if you fail to do so, judgment will be rendered against you by default.

The rights of withdrawal and all other rights of

action are reserved.

CHAS. MCILRATH, Commissioner State Land Office.

HOLLIS R. MURDOCK, Attorney and Counsellor at Law

and General Agent, Stillwater, Minnesota.

Stillwater, April 30, 1861.

SS.

JOHN A. WEIDE'S

NEW

PIANO FORTÉ ROOMS

No. 19½ Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

The Celebrated Gold Medal

PIANOS

—OR—

Weber &amp; Steck

FOR SALE.

MELODEONS &amp; ORGANS.

NEW PIANOS EXCHANGED

For old ones at reasonable figures.

PIANOS FOR RENT.

Correspondence Solicited.

angle 8th

Smith. Webster &amp; Wright,

HOUSE and SIGN

PAINTERS,

Graining, Glazing, Ornamental

Painting and Papering.

SHOP ON SECOND ST.,

STILLWATER, MINN.

July 1871 STEPHEN GARDNER.

STEPHEN GARDNER

For Sale at a Bargain.

Now Sixteen Spec. Mill.

The undersigned offers for sale at half its value the

new Spec. Mill, known as Short's mill,

# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 14, 1871.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### LOCAL BREVIETIES.

Assessor Geo. Davis reports ten thousand apple trees growing in the city, three hundred of them bearing fruit.

We are informed that Schulenberg & Boecker of this city, are heavy losers by the Chicago fire, their lumber yard there being burned.

A number of people from this city have gone to the State Musical Convention at St. Paul this week, conducted by Prof. Palmer of Chicago.

Rev. Mr. Haskell, of Galesburg, Ill., an eloquent and talented preacher, is to preach at the Universalist Church during the coming year, commanding next month.

SOME fifteen railroad switches on Tuesday "blown out" the "establishment" of old man Zebulon of Baytown, and absconded one of his girls. Two have been arrested and locked up.

The City Council has assessed for taxes the coming year six mills for current expenses, 1½ mill to pay interest on bonds, 1 mill to pay interest and for sunken fund to pay Stillwater city bonds, and 3 mills for interest and sinking fund for White Bear and R.R. bonds.

### DEATH OF JOHN GREENOUGH.

Mr. John Greenough died at the residence of his son, Mrs. Clara, Bear, of this city, at ten o'clock on Friday night last, Oct. 6th, at the age of 81.

Mr. Greenough came to this city some three years ago, for the benefit of his health; he was a consumptive, his father, who was a Baptist clergyman, dying when he was three years old, and his mother when he was five, both of consumption. Both father and mother died at the age of 28 years.

Mr. Greenough was formerly in the drug business, and was in Kaufman's store here for nearly two years. He was a young man universally loved and esteemed, was generous, accomodating and open hearted, and had many warm friends in this city. His nearest relatives are his aunts, Mrs. Leon and Mrs. Capt. Stewart.

The funeral took place from the First Presbyterian Church, at 2 p. m., on Sunday, an impressive address being delivered by Rev. E. B. Wright. A very large concourse of people followed his remains to the cemetery.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Charlie M. Jordan, a son of Mrs. Jacobs, of this city, and who has many friends and acquaintances here, left for Chicago a few days since to go into business there and was there the time of the fire. The hotel where he stopped was burned on Sunday night, but he was seen by Mr. Brunson in the city yesterday.

JUDGE CHAS. McCLELLAN, of Red Wing, was here on Tuesday.

HON. W. W. Phelps, of Red Wing, was here on Tuesday.

MR. C. STEBBINS, of the Hastings Gazette, was in the city a couple of days since.

MR. RADOLFFE, the architect of St. Paul, was in the city on Tuesday.

DR. MERRY, who has been confined to his house by illness, is out again and attending to business.

MR. JAY SABIN, who has been severely ill, continues to improve, and like friends hope to see him on the street again before long.

### RIVER NEWS.

There were 82 arrivals this week, making a grand total of 610 during the season.

### ELEVATOR AND RAILROAD NOTES.

Price of wheat \$1.00 and \$1.05.

The storm has almost stopped the receipt of teams.

The receipts by barges amount to 115,000 bushels, and the shipments by cars, to 90,000.

Over and above the wheat, the boats have brought up 4,500 bushels of beef, 2,600 barrels of flour, and 11 cars of merchandise from the Diamond Jo.

### DISTRICT COURT—JURY LIST.

The November term of the Circuit Court for this, the First Judicial District, commences at the Court House in this city, on Tuesday, Nov. 14th, at 10 a. m. The following are the Grand and Petit Juries:

#### GRAND JURIES.

Charles S. Gotchell, Geo. W. Campbell, Jonathan Huntley, John P. Fether, George Koen, David B. Gallinger, J. C. Yorkes, G. J. Butler, Henry Westing, Henry House, A. G. Lish, E. W. Bernt.

#### PETIT JURIES.

Maurice Malone, S. C. Johnson, David W. Gray, Chas. Elsdon, John S. Frank, John D. Allen, H. G. Shepard, John Dickey, Thomas Scroton, J. J. Robertson, Calvin Briggs, Joseph Anderson, Geo. Arnold, W. G. Thompson.

### COLLECTION FOR THE SUFFERERS.

A collection will be made to help the poor sufferers of the Chicago fire, at the First Presbyterian Church, on Sunday morning next, for the benefit of the sufferers at the Chicago fire, and we believe for the homeless ones from the vast prairie fires in our own State. Rev. M. Wright's discourse in the morning will be on the subject: "The Lesson of the Fire."

A CARD.—An effort will be made to collect some articles of clothing for the schools, for the Chicago sufferers. A copy of the card will be sent to the city to spare something and not feel it. Let us remember that many children of the Chicago schools are now without home food and clothing, and our cities will be very much in need. If parents will have their children bring articles to the school Building on Monday, the teachers will receive them and place them in a box to be shipped to Chicago. Collections from Government, High and Subsidized School may also be brought to the High School Building. Mr. Lemire has consented to superintend the packing and shipment.

J. H. KNIGHT.

### THE COUNTY FAIR.

FINE DISPLAY—COL. STEVENS' AD-DRESS—PREMIUMS, &c.

In our report of the County Fair at Cottage Grove on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, given in our last issue, we were unable to go at length into details of the exhibition, as our paper was printed on Thursday the principal day of the Fair. We, however, made arrangements for a full report of all except what was published last week, and for the complete premium list, which was to come by mail. From some cause, however, only an imperfect premium list has reached us and the complete list, not coming by the last mail from Cottage Grove, as expected, it is now too late to do else than publish what we have.

The Fair was held in the grove of Mr. John Farber. The grounds which were very pleasant and comprising several acres, were enclosed by a high board fence; and the buildings, which were also erected for this the first regular agricultural fair held in Washington County, were well filled, although roomy, with a display of fruits, vegetables and fabrics that would have done credit to any locality. Indeed, as we said in last week's report, in grain and vegetables, especially the latter, the samples were the finest we have ever seen.

The convention was a name one, and of course but little interest in putting up, and ought to be defeated by such excellent men as those on the Republican ticket. There was but a partial representation from the different towns, and not a single delegate from Negansau, Stillwater town, Onoka or Baytown.

It is perhaps natural that to prevent such organization from falling to pieces here, the democracy should make a show by partial nominations, even though the men nominated to the Republicans are decidedly fit men to fittingly represent our county in the Legislature with credit and influence, and to fill the county offices with satisfaction to the people generally. It is no wonder, it was a glorious task for the unlettered (?) to set up men for such hopeless and overwhelming defeat.

Col. Farber—1st and 2d premiums to G. H. Bowle and N. May.

Bags—Closter White—1st premium, Mr. Steiger; 2d, Atkins.

Birdhouses—1st, J. C. Tucker.

A very fine display of a new breed called the Exotic, was made by Thomas Purlee and John Burton.

Among the other interesting items of the Fair were trotting, exhibitions of horseman ship on ladies, and a plowing match.

The Agricultural Fair was in all respects exceedingly attractive and a great success. It was important in its promise of still more attractive and successful fairs in the future.

### BUSINESS NOTES.

Mr. A. W. Andrews, of the new photograph gallery in this city, is doing some good work. There is no need to go abroad to see the best likenesses and finest pictures.

Mr. Thomas Bower has put up at the cemetery within the last few days some elegant pieces of sculpture. Mr. Bower has secured an extensive trade throughout the St. Croix Valley, and has now four weeks past filling orders. He invites examination of his prices and specimens of his work. He has a large and choice stock, and those wishing to buy in his line are invited to look at his work in the counters here, or call at his shop in St. Paul and see for themselves.

Although the weather was threatening on Thursday morning, and rather unpleasant in the afternoon, there was a large turn out, there being 1,500 people on the grounds, nor did the weather prevent them bringing articles for exhibition, until tables, shelves and walls were crowded. The number of entries for prizes of ornament and for decoration and display, and hand was on hand and added to the interest and pleasure of the occasion by fitting music through the Fair.

Floral Hall, a building about 60x60 feet, was a picture of beauty arranged with great taste and neatness, owed its attraction to a great extent to the ladies of Cottage Grove and their neighborhood; they certainly did themselves much credit and deserve the thanks of the people of the county for adding a grand to the success and attractions of the Fair.

On Friday evening, the opening of the Fair, there were 1,200 people on the grounds, and the weather was still more pleasant.

The St. Paul and Minneapolis press are profuse with discussions on the subject of photography, and the first premium there, for all because best, the celebrated photograph in Minneapolis, carried on the premises, homes, etc. Bowls' gallery, is more renowned than ever. He challenges any one in the State to his work. His gallery is a worth while visiting those who visit Minnesota.

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There was a very fair exhibition of canned fruits, jellies and wines, for canning and preserving we know of no more delicious and easily put up than the cans, and the specimens on exhibition showed the great value of this article for that purpose.

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Leonard was nominated for sheriff by acclamation.

Mr. Wm. Olson was nominated for Register of Deeds.

Mr. Myron Shepard was nominated for Treasurer by the following vote:

Mr. Shepard, 16; A. M. Price, 9;

Chas. Kattenberg, 2;

J. P. Fowler, 2;

Solen Bronson, 1;

Messrs. J. N. Curtis, E. M. Cox, and C. J. Butler, were appointed County Committee for Fred. Neiman.

Yearling colts—1st, Fred. Mellich; 2d, A. M. Hartie.

Dranghi horses—1st, Mrs. Morgan May; 2d, Wm. Swanam.

Single carriage horses and mares—1st, A. Lowell; 2d, J. Munger.

Best bull impaled stock—1st, Mr. Morgan May; 2d, J. P. Farber.

Burden cows—1st, Rev. E. J. Hart; 2d, J. F. Tucker.

Heifers—1st, J. P. Farber; 2d, J. G. Tracy.

Grade steers—1st, E. M. Cox.

Sheep—C. Getchell took the first premium on a Cossack lamb, and 2d premium on Sauchland lamb.

Merino sheep—1st premium, Mr. Seifford.

Colt—Wm. Atkinson.

Lester sheep—1st and 2d by Mr. Barker.

Cotswold—1st and 2d premiums to G. H. Bowle and N. May.

Bags—Closter White—1st premium, Mr. Steiger.

Grade steers—1st, E. M. Cox.

Grade—Closter White—1st premium, Mr. Steiger.

# STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1871.

NO. 7

## The Messenger.

HENRY WOODRUFF,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.  
TERMS—TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN  
ADVANCE.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,  
HORACE AUSTIN.  
For Lieutenant Governor,  
WM. H. YALE.  
For Secretary of State,  
Gen. S. P. JENNISON.  
For State Treasurer,  
WILLIAM SEEGER.  
For Attorney General,  
F. R. E. CORNELL.  
For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court,  
S. J. R. McMICHAEL,  
JOHN M. BERRY.

DISTRICT TICKET.

For Judge of the First Judicial District,  
F. M. CROSBY, of Dakota County.

COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,  
D. M. SABIN.  
For Register of Deeds,  
A. M. DODD.  
For Sheriff,  
J. R. CARL.  
For County Treasurer,  
W. H. GETCHELL.  
For County Attorney,  
FAYETTE MARSH.  
For County Surveyor,  
A. VAN YORKE.  
County Commissioner for First District,  
JESSE H. SOULE.

FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVES.

From First District,  
EBENEZER AVENS.  
From Second District—Stillwater,  
HOLLIS R. MURDOCK.  
From Third District,  
J. R. M. GASKILL.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FIRE.

It is not surprising that this city is without a fire engine or even a Hook and Ladder Company? Were a pipe laid from McKusick's Lake down along Third and Main street, with fire plugs at suitable distances, a hose company could throw several streams upon a fire in a few moments, without an engine, which however would be needed upon the hills.

In the meantime a hook and ladder company should be organized and there should be at once a thorough inspection by careful, rigid and competent fire wardens, of chimneys, stove pipes, ash barrels and everything else that in our unprotected condition might cause a fearful and destructive conflagration.

### LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

The circulating Library of the Stillwater Library Association is being removed from S. S. Denton's store to the rooms of Mrs. C. S. Curtis in Mower's Block, and will be open to subscribers every day. The terms of membership of this Association are but one dollar a year, and ten cents for each book drawn. Miss Carrie Denton, the former librarian, having become Mrs. Pennington, resigned her position and necessitated the above change.

The ladies of the Association contemplate giving, before long, some sort of an entertainment for the benefit of the Library, and will no doubt meet with the great success that their public spirited efforts deserve.

The Library is yet in its infancy, as all such enterprises are or have been, but there is no reason why it should not become one of the best in the State. The membership fee is money well invested. Every family in the city ought to avail themselves of its privileges. The Library too, now is, and may still more be, a feast of good things to strangers and visitors to our city.

### RIVER NEWS.

There were 33 steamboat arrivals during the past week, making the whole number this season 643.

The stage of water to this port is good, and large quantities of freight to the head of navigation here for this city and for transfer by rail to St. Paul and Minneapolis, as well as the heavy wheat transfers for Duluth, make the levers as lively as ever.

The Taylors Falls boats are doing a good business.

### ELEVATOR AND RAILROAD NOTES.

### CHICAGO.

Price of wheat \$1.00 and \$1.05. During the week 85,000 bushels of wheat have been taken in at the elevator from barges, and 20,000 bushels more lie in barges in the take near the elevator, ready to be transferred to cars for Duluth. The elevator is running night and day. The receipts by team have been about 1,000 bushels.

At the railroad depot the receipts and shipment of wheat have been about 20,000 bushels, and nearly 3,000 barrels of flour.

Six hundred barrels of salt have also been received, and 150 barrels of cranberries sent down from Taylor Falls.

**OLD SETTLER'S EXCURSION.**—H. L. Moss, Secretary of the "Old Settler's Association," desires to have those persons invited from the city of Stillwater and vicinity to attend the excursion to Red River on the 25th inst., understanding that the excursion train will not leave St. Paul until the arrival of the morning train from Stillwater.

**GREENHOUSE.**—Mr. Isaac Staples is building, about one hundred feet east of his elegant new residence, a large greenhouse, 25 by 40 feet. The large glass machine, by means of which his residence is to be lighted, will be at one end of the greenhouse, and separated from it by a partition.

**CARR. HENRY ENNIS.**—The Steamer Imperial, who came over from Stillwater on Sunday evening, states that three steamers accompanied with no less than ten barges had reached that place on Sunday. The Imperial, Tiber and Wyman X arrived, and the Nellie Kent left for St. Paul, with faint hopes of getting through. Three feet of water are reported on Willow River bar, and the obstructions between Present and St. Paul continually growing worse.—*St. Paul Press.*

The above number of arrivals, though it surprises the *Press*, is understated rather than overstated. Our arrivals have averaged thirty-seven a week, or over six a day.

Tue five large passenger steamer B. G. Coburn, of Ward's Lake Superior line, is announced by last night's telegrams as having foundered last Sunday in Saginaw Bay. Seven of the crew and three passengers are known to have been saved. She had on board 12,000 bushels of wheat and 3,000 barrels of flour. Two boat loads of passengers and crew are missing. The Coburn was worth \$80,000 and was insured for \$50,000.

### THE RED RIVER CROSSING.

There seems to be a misunderstanding in regard to the point of crossing the Red River by the North Pacific Railroad. We notice one paper says it is not Fargo, but at Moorhead. Red River is the boundary line between Minnesota and Dakota; the town of Fargo is in Dakota, while Moorhead is on the opposite side of the river in Minnesota. Moorhead has been surveyed and laid out, and we see by yesterday morning's papers that "thirty buildings are in progress and several are finished. One hotel, 22x112, is nearly finished; also, several large stores. All is life and bustle. Merchants, mechanics and laborers are in great demand."

Fargo is not yet surveyed and consequently no improvements have been made.—*Duluth Minnesotan.*

### MINNESOTA NEWS.

The largest potato that we have heard of, in this year of large potatoes, was raised in the garden of Mrs. J. B. Hubbard, of Mankato, which weighed four pounds and thirteen ounces. Two hills yielded a bushel.

The managers of the Southern Minnesota Railroad have adopted a rule on this railroad to the effect that every freight engineer running his train over animals on the track, shall be discharged, and every passenger engineer doing the same thing shall forfeit a day's wages.

The Hastings and Dakota Railway Company have finished the grading of the road between Credit River and Shakopee, and are now engaged in laying the track down. They are now out of iron, but when the material arrives two days work will bring the track into the city.—*Shakopee Argus.*

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### What is it?

### THAT IS THE QUESTION

About the House on Wheels at the corner of Chestnut and Main Streets.

### IT IS

A Jewelry Manufactory,

Engraving & Stencil Shop,

For the benefit of the people of Stillwater.

### ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY

### MADE TO ORDER,

Gold or Silver melted up and made into Rings, Watch Cases, Spoons, Ladles, Boxes, Pipe, Sleeve Buttons, Lockets, Charms, Metals, Chains, &c.

Gold or Silver mounted on Chains, Pipes, Cases, &c.

Setting of all kinds in Silver or Gold, Engraving,

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# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 20, 1871.

## INCIDENTS OF THE CHICAGO FIRE.

### COMPARISON WITH OTHER FIRES.

We glean below, in addition to what was given in our last, some of the most interesting and thrilling incidents and particulars of the great fire in Chicago, some of them taken from telegrams during and after the fire, and comparisons with other great fires:

#### THE BURNT DISTRICT.

From Taylor street, the extreme southern limit of the fire, to the extreme northern limits of the city, is about four miles and a half. The average breadth of the north division is something less than two miles, and of the south division about three-quarters of a mile. The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and the Chicago & Northwestern Depots were not burned as reported.

#### COMPARISONS.

The awful intelligence of the destruction of the doubly magnificent, wonderful city of Chicago, is received all over the world with dismay and feelings of the deepest sorrow. Never before in the annals of history can a parallel to this destruction be found.

The burning of Rome, London, Moscow, New York, Portland and Paris were undoubtedly appalling events, but they pale into insignificance before the awful wreck of devastation which has resulted in the reduction to ashes of Chicago, the city of the world, the spot on which the eyes of all the nations of the earth have been fixed with mixed envy and admiration ever since she started into existence.

Some idea of the fearful ravages during the great fire may be entertained by comparing it with the other two greatest of fiery visitations in the history of the world—those of London and Moscow.

The great fire of London covered five hundred acres of ground; rendered homeless 200,000 inhabitants; and burned 13,000 houses; that of Moscow covered 400 acres, and destroyed 12,000 houses.

The great fire of Chicago laid waste over 2,000 acres, upwards of 20,000 buildings, and rendered about 100,000 persons homeless.

As to the pecuniary loss, no fire which ever occurred in the world has been attended with that suffered by Chicago, as in no city was even such an amount of valuable merchandise or so many expensive buildings destroyed.

Most of the merchants had received their winter stocks of goods, none of which they were able to save.

The loss in merchandise alone is double that suffered by London and Moscow combined.

The great London fire lasted four days and nights, and says Macaulay, "covered little less than a square mile, with the fires of eighty-nine clu ches and thirteen thousand houses."

This constituted five-sixths of the city within its walls.

London at that time had a population of about half a million.

The Chicago fire covers apparently six or seven times the area of the London fire, the houses destroyed are many more in number, and the property destroyed is worth immensely more.

When Moscow was burned in September, 1812, by the order of the Czar as a war measure to expel the army of Napoleon, then occupying it, the population is stated by Thiers at about the same as that of Chicago, or 300,000. About four-fifths of the city was laid in the ashes of this imperial sacrifice—and in this respect it is fully paralleled by the fate of Chicago.

In this country the most disastrous fire ever experienced heretofore, was the one which desolated New York city in December 1834. This fire swept the whole First ward east of Broadway and below Wall street, destroying 648 of the most valuable stores, the Merchants' Exchange and the South Dutch Church, and property valued at more than \$18,000,000. The great Portland fire of a few years ago was the next in extent. But Chicago, whose pride it has been to do everything on a scale of unrivaled grandeur—to have the most magnificent hotels, the largest elevators, &c., in the world—has now produced a fire to consume them all, which surpasses all recorded conflagrations.

#### THE DEAD.

One writer saw over 150 dead bodies, but these are only a part of the killed.

In one place in Milwaukee avenue 71 dead bodies were gathered, only four recognizable.

Others have no shape. Heads, legs and arms are missing from some of the blackened trunks. Long lists of missing are published.

Notices for lost children are posted everywhere. Many will never be heard from.

to detach themselves from the buildings they were consuming, and fly with the winds against other buildings, squares away, where they would hover like a bird for a brief period, and then another block or building would be enveloped in flame, and melt away from sight in the awful conflagration. It being impossible to reach the depots, families and the few goods saved, were moved miles away before they could be placed on the departing trains.

The scene was awful in its grandeur. The flames leaped as though by some weird means they were being tossed, and skipping two or three blocks, would leap up in their onward march other buildings, after which a short time would elapse before the intermediate structures were in flames. Iron shutters, and great sheets of iron from iron plated buildings were blown through the air red hot, as though they were mere paper kites. Language utterly fails to give any description of the scene.

#### TERIBLE SCENES.

The scenes can never be described in all their horrible reality. Some leaped from the fourth stories of burning buildings; others would reach windows in attempts to get out, only to fall back suffocated and perished in the flames.

Thousands of families, so suddenly and hopelessly rendered homeless, lost knowledge of some of their dearest members in the tumult and confusion of the woful hours. Parents were cut off from children, children from parents, brothers from sisters, and all possible separations and imaginary ones were there true in fact. Such heartrending scenes are general experiences, and mere loss of property by the exceptional ones. We hear how even infants were lost in the surging crowd, and little children lost sight of by friends among masses where discovery again were almost utter impossibility. A rough entered a fine residence just before the flames lapped it and shot dead the husband and father of a noble wife, and highly promising children, and rushed away with the crowd. The wife was crazed, and as she and her babe were dragged away by the crowd, mother and children were seen to be separated and swept on apart. Those who knew them have not seen or heard of them.

In numerous cases children were thrown from windows to persons below, and in one case a child, ablaze from head to foot, was thrown to those holding blankets on the street to catch it.

A number of persons fell dead from fright or exhaustion; one young lady dropped dead just after entering a street car.

For a distance of five miles, the sidewalks were lined with sleeping people who had been worn out while trying to save their household goods and families from the rushing and destroying columns of flame.

Women and infants, children and men, were found asleep everywhere, with no other covering than the garments saved from their homes, now smoking, burning ruins, door yards, parks, sidewalks, woods and fields, were filled with the rich and poor, who were now reduced to a common level of poverty by the awful devastation of an hour.

There were strong men who lost their lives in vain attempts to save loved ones; delicate women, who were unable in the confusion to escape the flames, or would not leave their offspring; and frail children, who went down in buildings in their helplessness and perished.

THE LONDON CONFLAGRATION.

London suffered from a number of great fires. In 982 a fire took place which nearly destroyed the city, but in 1037 a still greater fire occurred, when most of the city was laid in ashes. In 1086 the church of St. Paul, in London, was burned, and fires spread over all the principal cities of England. In 1660, 1135, 1322 and 1463, fires devastated London.

The great fire broke out in September 2d, 1666, which is reported to be more destructive in its progress and ultimately productive of more beneficial effects than any conflagration recorded in history.

It is the opinion of writers that this fire was necessary in order to "promote the complete extinction of the plague," for the very air had become tainted with the putrefaction of the dead.

However this may be the historian says: "It is true that a city was destroyed, and property to an unparalleled amount was lost, but the result was a new city, improved in wealth, grandeur and all the conveniences of life."

The fire originated in a narrow lane, and the houses were principally of wood, or lath and plaster." We quote from the Encyclopedia:

"The fire soon spread to the adjacent houses, and defied the power of buckets, for the engines could not be brought to bear upon it with any degree of success on account of the narrowness of the streets."

It was suggested to the Lord Mayor that it would be advisable to pull down several houses in order to intercept the progress of the flames, but he refused, and expressed his opinion of the insignificance of the fire, in flippant and indecent terms.

"By 6 o'clock in the morning, (it broke out at 1 o'clock) it had reached the London Bridge, and then dividing left enough to burn down all the houses built on it since the fire in 1633, and with the main body pressing forward into Thames street, which was charged with combustible materials that augmented it very considerably, raging with great fury the whole day, and striking the inhabitants with such terror, that, says Lord Clarendon, 'all men stood amazed as spectators only, no man knowing what remedy to apply, nor the magistrates what orders to give.'

Evelyn says:

The conflagration was so universal, and the people so astonished, that from the beginning, they hardly stirred to quench it, so there was nothing heard or seen but crying out and lamentations, running about like distracted creatures, without at all attempting to save even their goods, such a strange consternation was upon them.

The historian continues:—

At first the fire took an easterly direction, and proceeded so rapidly that considerable fears were entertained that it would reach the tower, to prevent which several houses were pulled down; but on the night of Monday it became diverted to other quarters. The wind changed and blew with such great and irresistible violence that it scattered the fire from pursuing the line that it was in with all its force, and spread it over the city.

Two men, who were trying to set fire to the Jesuit Church, on the West Side, were disposed of without cere-

mony, and the lookers on were pleased to say, "Served 'em right."

A man residing on Fourth avenue, caught a man in the basement of his house, name unknown, armed with hay and matches. He gave the alarm and the incendiary was caught and stoned to death. His body lay upon the avenue forty-eight hours.

A colored man, name unknown, observed a white man sneaking round his house on Fourth avenue. He was in the barn in the rear of the house and was instantly shot dead.

INTERESTING TO THIEVES.

Circumstances are posted in various portions of the city, of which the following is a copy:

OFFICE OF PINKERTON'S POLICE.

Orders are hereby given to the captain, lieutenants, sergeants and men of Pinkerton's preventive police, that they are in charge of the burning district, in the South Division. Any person stealing, or seeking to steal

any of the property in my charge, or attempting to break open the safes,

as the men cannot make arrests at the present time, they shall kill the persons by orders.

No mercy shall be shown them, but death shall be their fate.

ALLAN PINKERTON.

AREA AND LOSSES.

An approximate estimate of the total losses is about \$200,000,000.

The area burned over is over 2,000 acres.

The number of buildings burned is not over 20,000. The number of lives lost is believed to be at least 200. There are about 100,000 persons in need of relief.

CAST DOWN BUT NOT DESTROYED.

The great calamity has not broken the spirit of the citizens. With heroic courage they are everywhere setting to work to relieve the distresses of others. Every village and city within reach, have already come to the relief of the sufferers with a generosity and promptness the memory of which will ever be treasured in the grateful memories of all.

Even London was rebuilt in greater splendor and magnificence in four years.

Chicago with the greater western enterprise and rapid growth, will be rebuilt incomparably better in two years, or even less.

HOW THE FIRE ORIGINATED.

The first said to have started on Dekoven street at 10:15 p. m. Sunday night.

This is two or three miles from the Saturday night fire. A German had a small stable in the rear of a large livery stable, and while milking his cow, the cow kicked over a kerosene lamp and set fire to the stable, tool took fire and from thence spread rapidly.

Both are of the simplest construction, and so easily managed that we guarantee to give

Entire Satisfaction

to the owner of any article in the household, having the health, comfort and happiness of the family itself as the object.

It is economy as well as pleasure to get the VICTORY BEST, and in buying it you get the best.

It is the most popular and perfect Cooking

MACHINES OF THE PERIOD.

Are our Well-known

COOKING MACHINES

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OF THE PERIOD.

**SAVE MONEY**

WHEN

YOU CAN.

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.**

LOOK AT OUR

**GOODS**

AND

**Price Them,**

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Our Stock Consists of

**GROCERIES,****PROVISIONS,****DRY GOODS,****CLOTHING,****FURNISHING GOODS****NOTIONS****HATS,****CAPS,****BOOTS,****SHOES,****IRON,****STEEL,****AND NAILS,****HARD-WARE****WOODEN WARE,****GLASS WARE,****AND CROCKERY****PARLOR AND****COOKING STOVES.****TIN WARE**

And a Good Many Other

Things To Numerous

To Mention!

**WE WARRANT****ALL GOODS**

AND DELIVER TO ANY

WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

**TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.****Lake Superior & Mississippi R. R.**

On and after Sept. 20, 1871. Trains will run as follows:

Leave Stillwater, 7:30 A. M. 2:30 P. M.  
Arrive at Minneapolis, 9:10 A. M. 4:30 P. M.  
Arrive at St. Paul, 10:30 A. M. 4:15 P. M.

Leave Minneapolis, 10:30 A. M. 4:30 P. M.

Leave Saint Paul, 11:15 A. M. 5:00 P. M.

Leave Duluth for Superior City or Bayfield.

Trains will stop at Hibbing, 50 miles from Superior City, for dinner, which will be served by Frank &amp; Paul, Esq.

W. W. HUNTERFORD,  
Genl. Superintendent.W. S. ALEXANDER,  
Genl. Ticket Agent.

MAIL ARRANGEMENT

AT THE

**STILLWATER POST OFFICE.**

St. Paul and Eastern Mail-Daily.

Arrives 11:45 a.m. Cloes 2:00 p.m.

Hudson-Daily, 2:00 P. M. 6:15 P. M.

Arrives 9:00 a.m. Cloes 10:00 a.m.

Marine, Taylors Falls and Mt. Calvary Tuesdays,

Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

Arrives 1:30 p.m. Cloes 10:30 a.m.

Hastings-Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays-Leaves

Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Arrives 6:00 p.m. Cloes 7:00 a.m.

Lincoln Center-Arrives Tuesdays-Leaves Wednesdays

Arrives 6:00 p.m. Cloes 7:00 a.m.

Concluded from Second page.

so that those who went late to bed,

at a great distance from the place

where the fire prevailed, were awoken

before morning with their own

homes being in flames. On Monday

the fire was burning in the form of a

bow.

When the fire pane was over, and

the fire spread so rapidly that no per-

son could calculate the safety of his

house, great exertions were made

to remove the property into adjacent

fields, which for many miles around,

were strewn with all sorts of move-

ables. Five, ten, and even fifty pounds

were given for a cart, to remove

some valuable property about to be

consumed—the boats and barges on

the river were all laden, and scarce-

ly a back, either of man or woman,

that had strength, but had a burden

on it in the street.

The night of Monday was more

dreadful than the preceding one; the

fire shone with such a fearful blaze,

that the streets were as light as from

the sun at noon day. After spreading

in one line westward, it divided

itself into four branches which united

in one great flame at the eastern side

of Cheasapeake. On Tuesday the whole

of the street was in flames, and the

fire was soon leaping from house to

house, and street to street, at great

distance one from the other. The

impetuous flame now advanced with

lawless power to the Cathedral of St.

Paul's the stones of which flew like

granados, melting lead running down

the streets in a stream, and the very

pavements glowing with fiery redness,

so as no man nor horse was able to

tread on them, and the demolition

had stopped all the passages, so that

no help could be applied?

The writer gloomily says: "All

the sky was of a fiery aspect, like the

top of a burning oven; the light seen

above forty miles around about for

many nights. God grant my eyes

may never behold the like, now see-

ing above 10,000 houses all in one

flame the noise, and crackling and

thunder of the impious flames; the

shrieking of women and children, the

hurry of people, the fall of towers,

houses and churches was like a hid-

eous storm, and the air all about so

hot and inflamed, that at last one was

not able to approach it, so they were

forced to stand still and let the flames

burn on, which they did for nearly

two miles in length and one in breadth.

The clouds of smoke by computation,

was nearly forty miles in length. London was, it is no

more.

On Tuesday night the devouring

elements swept onward, taking whole

streets in its course, and threatening

the court at Whitehall. Directions

were given to blow up several

houses with gun-powder, which, had

this plan been resorted to at first, the

historian, it might have saved

half the city.

On Wednesday morning, says the

account, when the inhabitants of

Westminster were preparing to flee

from the flaming sword which seemed

to pursue them, the wind was

hushed, the fire was stayed and a remnant

of London was saved. The brick

buildings of the temple which were

partially consumed, and although the

fire broke out again here on Thursday,

the Duke of York, who watched

there the whole of that night, caused

the house in front of it to be blown

up, by which means the flame were

extinguished."

The extent of the ravages covered

a space of 436 acres. A stop was

put to the fire at the Temple Church,

near Holborn Bridge, and at twelve

other places. The King and the Duke

of York appeared upon the ground and

by their personal efforts did much towards allaying this great con-

flagration.

Forty-one folio volumes represent-

ed the claims of persons who had suf-

fered from the fire, but the aggregate

loss, in dollars and cents, has never

been accurately ascertained; fifteen

wards were destroyed, and eight

shattered and half burned; 400

streets, 13,200 dwelling houses, 39

churches, beside chapels, four city

gates, the Guildhall, with several

public buildings, hospitals, schools,

libraries, and a vast number of state-

ly edifices were all destroyed. The

total destruction of property is esti-

mated at \$36,000,000! Loss of life

only six persons.

Notwithstanding the people were

convinced that the fire was caused by

incendiaries, yet in four years London

was re-built with beauty and magni-

ficence, and stands to-day the first

city in the world.

The Quincy granite railway, built

by private parties in 1826, to connect

the Quincy, Mass., granite quarries

with tide-water, but which has

not been used since 1840.

The New Steam Saw Mill

At Douglas, known as the short mill, is in the

process of repair, and will be ready for use

in the fall of 1871. It is to be 100 ft. long, 10 ft. wide, 8 ft. high, and 8 ft. 6 in. deep, S. Follett, at the First National Bank, Hastings, or to

Stephen Gardner.

been idle for a number of years, is

now undergoing repairs, and will

soon be in condition for the transpor-

tation of passengers and freight under

entirely new auspices. This railroad,

was the first built in America.

JOHN GREEN. JOHN R. GREEN, FRANK GREEN.

GREEN &amp; SONS

MAIN STREET,

Stillwater, Minn.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

STEAMBOAT, MILL,

# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 20, 1871.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### LOCAL BREVIETIES.

INDIAN Summer has come again.

The rains squelched the prairie fires.

Brunswick has moved into his fine new store room.

Fine large potatoes are selling at forty cents a bushel.

Wild Geese were flying over the city Wednesday night.

The stone wall about the Court House grounds is being built.

The sunshiny, breezy days have dried up the mud of the recent rains.

The Peak Family failed to come to time to blow their horns or ring their bells.

The Mississippi has risen sufficient to allow the Nellie Kent to go up to St. Paul.

Several of the leaders of the recent elevator strike were discharged yesterday.

150 BARRELS of cranberries are among the arrivals in this city from Taylors Falls.

Several more new houses have been put up on "Nelson's Field" during the past week.

HERSEY, STAPLES & DOE's new business block is towering well into the third story.

A LABORER had one of his fingers mashed to a jelly at the stone quarry below the city.

Wood in abundance is being landed on the levee. Maple at \$5 and oak at \$4.25 a cord.

The steamer Viola, which was sunk on the rapids, near Port Byron, has been raised again.

Those elegant butternut counters in Brunswick's store, were made by Seymour, Sabin & Co.

ISAAC VAN VLECK, Esq., has been put upon the Democratic ticket as candidate for County Attorney.

WILL a fire company be organized now, and an engine procured, or will it be delayed until after a destructive fire.

A good broad sidewalk is being laid on the west side of Third street between the Court House and Sabin's corner.

The Deutscher Verein give a social dance at Concert Hall on Monday evening next, with good music and refreshments.

DR. Runge is fitting up the room recently occupied by Shepard's Feed Store as a Drug store, and it will be opened in about two weeks.

Mr. Staples will move into the ell of his new residence next week. The interior of the main building will not be completed for several weeks.

THE SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH is up and covered. Work is progressing rapidly upon it, and it is expected that it will be completed by the 1st of December.

A hose attached to a fire plug in pipes leading from McKusick's or Lily Lake would throw water over the highest buildings in the business portion of the city, without an engine.

The shovels at the elevator struck on Saturday, for an advance of wages from \$2 to \$2.50 a day. They held out until Monday when they were paid what was demanded.

MR. JOHN M. JOY, one of the guards at the Penitentiary, now has it as one of his duties to "keep an eye" on the desperado who shot him at Lake Traverse last December, and who was brought in for five years a few days since.

THERE will be a running race at Rutherford Park on Saturday, between "Limerick Boy" and "Indian Queen" for \$100 a side, best two in three. Also a trotting race, and a foot race between Tim Kelly and Geo. Hill for \$20 a side.

PERSONAL.—Mr. N. B. Thayer, who has been spending most of the summer at Marine, and who has been in the city for several weeks, left with his family for St. Louis on the 17th. We hope to see his face again next summer.

MR. A. B. Stickney, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday.

MR. THEODORE SANDER, of the *Staats Zeitung*, of St. Paul, was in the city a couple of days since.

MR. LOUIS HOSPER has returned from a year's visit to Germany.

MR. A. K. DOE, of the firm of Hersey, Staples & Doe, returned on Thursday, from the East, where he has been purchasing an immense stock of goods.

MR. Wm. C. BROOKS, who has been in the city for some time, will be entitled to a sidewalk.

## AID TO SUFFERERS BY THE FIRE LOG AND LUMBER INTELLIGENCE.

Pursuant to call issued by Mayor McKusick a meeting was held on Saturday Evening last, at Concert Hall to raise money for the aid of sufferers by fire, in Chicago and in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Mayor Wm. McKusick was chosen President, and Henry Woodruff Secretary.

Mr. McKusick stated the object of the meeting, and remarks were also made by Messrs McClure, Sabin, Wright, Bronson, Folsom, Conrad and others.

It was generally agreed that in the great rush of relief to Chicago that fearful losses in our own State, and North Western Wisconsin would be to a great degree neglected; it was therefore thought best to divide the donations and the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

**Resolved**—That the City Council of the City of Stillwater be requested to raise and appropriate the sum of two thousand dollars for the relief of sufferers, by the late fire in this State, the State of Wisconsin, and the City of Chicago, that of said amount the sum of one thousand dollars be appropriated to the sufferers of this State. And five hundred dollars be forwarded to the Govt. of Wisconsin, and five hundred to the mayor of Chicago. And that we the citizens of Stillwater in mass Convention assembled do agree to sustain the action of our City Council in raising and appropriating said amount.

In order that the money could be sent at once Messrs David Bronson L. Torinus, and D. M. Sabin were appointed committee to raise money on the bonds of the city. The money was all secured on Monday, and the Council at a special meeting held on Monday evening voted the \$2,000 in 10 per cent bonds payable to that road.

Besides the officials there were present Major Shaw of the *News*, who since his marriage is one of the happiest of mortals, and makes his paper more lively than ever; Tom King, Minneapolis correspondent of the *Pioneer*, C. W. Johnson, of Johnson & Smith, Job Printers, R. S. M. Pease, Banker, and M. G. Geo. C. mp.

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ed on the noon train on Thursday.

There is now an excellent stage of water in the St. Croix.

Since our last report there have been quite a number of sales, but only two shipments from this point, on account of the scarcity of tow boats.

The Minnesota went out several days since with 4 rafts for Hersey, Staples & Bean.

The M. Whitmore left Wednesday night with 19 strings of Railroad ties and 10 strings of logs for John L. Davies, Davenport, and 14 strings of logs for Laird, Norton & Co., Winona.

Pilot Wm. Smith left on the Ida Fulton last Friday for Reed's to take a raft from there.

A number of sales have been made, of which the following is a list:

Torinus, Staples & Co., 17 strings to Musser Bros., Muscatine, and 10 strings to Laird, Norton & Co., Winona.

Walker, Judd & Veazie, Marine, 10 strings to John L. Davies, Davenport.

Jas. O'Brien, 11 strings to Laird, Norton & Co.

Geo. B. Judd, 6 strings to the same firm.

J. S. Anderson, 4 strings to same firm.

A. L. Gallesper sold 36 strings to various parties below.

**THE CITY COUNCIL OF MINNEAPOLIS**, together with a number of other city officers came over on Monday for a tour of inspection of the White Bear Railroad, preparatory to issuing the city bonds of Minneapolis to the amount of \$250,000 as a bonus to that road.

The officials there were present Major Shaw of the *News*, who since his marriage is one of the happiest of mortals, and makes his paper more lively than ever; Tom King, Minneapolis correspondent of the *Pioneer*, C. W. Johnson, of Johnson & Smith, Job Printers, R. S. M. Pease, Banker, and M. G. Geo. C. mp.

Although but an hour's notice had been received of their coming, Mayor McKusick and a delegation of prominent citizens met them at the depot and escorted them to the Sawyer House.

After doing justice to a good dinner, they were taken in carriages for a drive about the city, enjoying the grand views from the cupola of the Court House, and from the new residence of Mr. Isaac Staples, and also taking a look into the Penitentiary. At the latter place, it being near train time, Alderman G. M. Stickney responded to calls in a happy speech, and was felicitously followed by Mayor McKusick of this city, and A. D. Morse of Minneapolis.

By resolution passed at the triennial convention of the Episcopal Church in this city, next Sunday morning, the rector, Rev. Horace Hills, will read the sermon of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield, England, at the Jubilee of Episcopal Missions in the United States, (being the 50th anniversary) just held at Baltimore, during the session of the Triennial Episcopal Convention. In the evening he will read the missionary addresses of Bishop Stevens of Pa. of the Lord Bishop of Lichfield, and of Bishop Clarkson, of Nebraska.

The Triennial Episcopal Convention has been in session at Baltimore for two weeks, and will hold for a week or more longer. It consists of two bodies something like the Senate and House of Representatives; viz: The House of Bishops form one body and the house of clerical and lay delegates, being four clergymen and four laymen from each diocese, form another. It is an important body, embracing among the laymen number of U. S. Senators, Judges, and other prominent men throughout the country.

The services at the Episcopal Church on Sunday are held at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Services every Wednesday evening.

First Presbyterian Church—Rev. E. B. Wright, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

Second Presbyterian Church—Rev. Jas. Cochran, pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening.

Methodist Church—Rev. C. K. Snyder, pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday School at 12 M. Mr. Snyder is the new supply sent by the Methodist Conference, is recently from New Jersey, and is highly spoken of.

At the Universalist Church, Sunday School is held at 12 M. The new pastor, Rev. Mr. Haskell, will com-

## BUSINESS NOTES.

### IMPORTANT TO WHEAT PRODUCERS.

Farmers and others who have wheat to sell will do well to read the advertisement of Chas. B. Newcomb & Co., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, published in another column.

Shippers to Duluth get a nearer market and quicker return than to any other city on the lakes and save Milwaukee commission charges.

A few cents saved on each bushel is worth something in the aggregate.

WINTER APPLES.—Five hundred barrels are about being received by Schupp & Schultz.

FINSU OYSTERS constantly on hand at Schupp & Schultz.

SCHUPP & SCHULZ have a very large and choice stock of Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods, Notions, etc. It is a good place to trade.

READ Schupp & Schultz's card in another column and call and look at their stock.

WHAT IS IT?—Read the advertisement with the shoe head. The house on wheels was made in this city and is a permanent institution.

Mr. Wm. E. Thorpe, the popular and accommodating dry goods merchant of this city, has brought from the East, one of the largest and choicest lots of goods ever brought to this State. Dry goods of all kinds, carpets, furs, shawls, point and other lace, flowers, zephyr, worsted, and everything usually kept in a first class and elegant establishment of this kind, as will be seen by his advertisement elsewhere. Go and look at his stock. You will find prompt and courteous attention to your wants.

Mr. Thomas Bower was in the city a few days since superintending the putting up of some beautiful pieces of sculpture.

Now is the time to buy your winter supply of Potatoes. You can get a good quality and almost any quantity cheap at Moore & Kinsella's.

For nice Fall and Winter Apples, go to Moore & Kinsella's.

NICE Vegetables, such as turnips, beets, onions, cabbage, squash, pumpkins, &c., constantly on hand at Moore & Kinsella's.

Now is the time to invest in one of those nice overcoats at Selleck's.

SELLERICK has now and always keeps in hand a choice assortment of Hats and Caps, Gloves, and Gents' Furnishing Goods of every description, with which to supply the demands of his steadily increasing business.

If you purchase goods at Moore & Kinsella's you are certain to get your money's worth.

No trouble to deliver goods from Moore & Kinsella's. They keep a team on purpose to do such work.

LA PORTE Indiana mills, extra fine yarns and jeans at Wheeler & Davis.

ALL kinds of green, dried and candied fruits at Wheeler & Davis.

WINTER WHEAT FLOUR.—Shepard, at the popular flour and feed store, has received another supply of extra winter wheat flour, and it is going faster than ever. Lovers of good bread should give it a trial.

TWO HUNDRED pounds of Choice Comb Honey, just received at Wheeler & Davis'.

WHITE wine and cider vinegar choice butter, eggs and cheese at Wheeler & Davis'.

GO to Wheeler & Davis for choice groceries, provisions, dry goods and notions.

OAT MEAL, barley, rice and hominy at Wheeler & Davis'.

BEST Family flour at Wheeler & Davis'.

CHERRIES—A fine large lot, at Wheeler & Davis'.

MARRIED.

At the

# STILLWATER MESSENGER.

VOL. XVII.

STILLWATER, MINN., FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1871.

NO. 8

## The Messenger.

HENRY WOODRUFF,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.  
TERMS—TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

## REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,  
HORACE AUSTIN.

For Lieutenant Governor,  
W. H. YALE.

For Secretary of State,  
GEN. S. P. JENNISON.

For State Treasurer,  
WILLIAM SEEGER.

For Attorney General,  
F. K. E. CORNELL.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court,  
S. J. R. MCMLIAN,  
JOHN M. BERRY.

• • •

## DISTRICT TICKET.

For Judge of the First Judicial District,  
F. M. CROSBY, of Dakota County.

## COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,  
D. M. SABIN.

For Register of Deeds,  
A. M. DODD.

For Sheriff,  
J. R. CARL.

For County Treasurer,  
W. H. GETCHELL.

For County Attorney,  
FAYETTE MARSH.

For County Surveyor,  
A. VAN VOERHES.

County Commissioner for First District,  
JESSE H. SOULE.

## FOR STATE REPRESENTATIVES.

From First District,  
EBENEZER ATWELL.

From Second District—Stillwater,  
HULL R. MURDOCK.

From Third District,  
J. R. M. GASKILL.

HON. H. R. MURDOCK should be sent to the Legislature by a tremendous majority. With such a man as he in the House and the Hon. D. M. Sabin in the Senate, our interests are sure to be well cared for.

A memorable event—the opening yesterday of railroad communication between Stillwater and Breckenridge; between the head of navigation for large Mississippi steamers and the Red River of the North and its rich and fertile valleys.

News from all parts of the State make it certain that Gov. Austin will gain even a more immense majority than was expected. Gen. Jennison, the gallant soldier eloquent orator and faithful and efficient business man, will rank well with him, as will also Hon. Wm. Seeger, State Treasurer to be. The other candidates, all good men and true, will keep them close company.

ALIVE AGAIN—"Poor, lone Old Betz" is around again, smiling as blandly as ever, and still bearing the venerable and benign countenance that has adorned the pages of books on Minnesota for many years past. She feels flattered at the obituary notices of her new departure.

A Correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer says that gold has been discovered on the Shabandowan, in Manitoba, and the Government employees on the road have all left and gone to work on the diggings. This discovery is supposed to be the rich gold field in the world and people are flocking to it from all parts.

FRANK DAGGETT, has taken a position as news and general literary editor on the Minneapolis News, and some of his characteristic, humorous and jovial jottings appear in that paper under the signature of 642. Frank is as good hearted as he is avordipous. Success to him, and may he slide smoothly along hereafter.

We make no apology for giving so much space this week to details of fearful loss of life, suffering and desolation by fire, in Michigan, Wisconsin and elsewhere; our readers can not feel too deeply the calls of humanity nor answer them too promptly.

We do apologize however that the absence of some of our force in the mechanical department has prevented our attention to local matters as much as desirable. It will be remedied in our next.

## THE JUDICIAL CONTEST.

One great cause of regret at the action of Judge Chas. McClure, of Red Wing, in bolting the regular nomination, is that of making the selection of Judge a scramble for office. In choosing a judge, above all other offices, this office should seek the man and not the man the office; and it seems doubly derogatory to a man who has held so important an office, a man of so venerable years that he should, upon not receiving a nomination for another term, be transformed into so inveterate an office seeker as to bolt and run independently. Even had there been no nominations made by any party, it would have been to the honor of his position upon the bench to refrain from such scramble for votes.

It will be a mortifying lesson for him when he finds that even a majority of the republicans of his county will vote against him, while in the other counties of this district he will stand no show whatever, while Judge Crosby by the regular candidate rolls up a large majority over both him and the democratic candidate; for it appears pretty evident that this little game will fall far short of defeating Crosby and electing Phelps.

We give below in addition to previous evidences that Mr. F. M. Crosby was fairly nominated, the letter of Mr. Jesse H. Soule, the chairman of the convention.

STILLWATER, Oct. 8th, 1871.

To the Editor of *The Hastings Gazette*. Learning of the independent candidacy of the Hon. Charles McClure for judge of the first judicial district and understanding that he bases his claims to an election on the grounds that no nomination was made at the republican judicial convention, held at Stillwater on the 19th ult., and that his friends claim that forty-five votes were cast on the final ballot, I feel myself called upon to make the statement that but forty-three votes were cast upon the ballot, as follows:

For F. M. Crosby, fourteen for Charles McClure, and two for L. M. Cormann. My opinion now is, that he was at the time, that Mr. F. M. Crosby was fairly and honorably nominated, and so declared. Subsequently he declared the republican nominee for the first judicial district by acclamation.

JESSE H. SOULE,  
Chairman District Convention.

The Goodhue delegation left here after the convention without any pretense that there was no nomination, and it will be seen by one of the extracts below that they did not in St. Paul but waited till two weeks afterwards.

## OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

Below we give extracts from articles from several State papers, on the bolt of Judge McClure, and his claims that no nomination was made:

If no nomination was made by the convention, the question naturally arises why the convention didn't find that out before adjourned, and proceed to make a nomination. If a majority of the delegates, as *The Union* maintains, regarded the nomination of Mr. F. M. Crosby as procured by fraud, one might suppose that the place to settle that question was in the convention itself, and the way to rectify it was to prevent any adjournment till it was settled in accordance with the will of the majority. Adjournment without any reconsideration of the announced decision that Mr. Crosby was nominated was an acquiescence in the result, which doesn't look well for disappointed candidates or delegates to go back on, two weeks after such an adjournment.

The convention at Stillwater, after lengthy balloting, declared Mr. Crosby the nominee, and to clinch it the nomination was made unanimously. That ought to have satisfied the Goodhue County delegation and Judge McClure that a nomination was made, but when persons seek a pretext to bolt it is not very difficult to find one.—*St. Paul Dispatch* Oct. 6th.

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We are much surprised and pained to notice the position taken by some of the leading republicans of Red Wing, in regard to the judicial nomination in that district. It appears to us that it especially in bad faith, if we do not characterize it by that stronger term, a lack of principle on the part of the delegation from Goodhue County to wait until after the adjournment of the convention, and they had all returned home, even allowing a week to transpire, and then to denounce the proceedings and claim that no nomination had been made.

At St. Paul we met a number of the Goodhue County delegation on their return from the judicial convention, and among them we distinctly recollect meeting Mr. Willard, who assured us that a nomination had been made, and that Judge Crosby was the nominee. At the time he claimed no fraud, but admitted that they were outgeneraled in the convention.—*Northfield Standard* Oct. 12th.

The St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company are laying their track between Minneapolis and St. Paul with steel rails.

## CHICAGO ITEMS IN BRIEF.

The Chicago Journal of Thursday evening last heralds the early erection of thirty brick or stone business houses in the burnt district, with the list hourly increasing. Banks continue to pay all demands, and deposits keep pace with withdrawals. The area burned over is found to be 2,300 acres; buildings destroyed 18,000, 1,500 of them substantial business structures.

The Chicago Tribune publishes the affidavit of the man and his wife in whose barn the great fire originated, to the effect that they did not milk the cows after dark by the light of a kerosene lamp; that they had been to bed some time when the fire occurred. It also publishes the affidavit of one of the neighbors of these people, who says he discovered the fire in the loft of the barn and gave the alarm, and that he went into the house and found the owners asleep. This would indicate that the fire had been set by some one who was intent on plunder.

To Gen. Phil Sheridan is attached much credit for stopping the progress of the fire, by blowing up buildings, and afterwards for taking charge of affairs, organizing his soldiers as policemen, and furnishing rations to the hungry people from the United States Stores.

## WHAT IS SPARED US.

From the Chicago Tribune. Our columns have been so extensively occupied during the past week with reports of the enormous losses of life and property in the late fire, that there is some danger that the damage sustained will be over-estimated. True, we have seen 2,500 acres in the most central portion of the city swept, 20,000 buildings destroyed, and 100,000 persons rendered homeless; the total pecuniary loss being not less than \$300,000,000; but we have still a great deal left. We may roughly estimate the situation as follows:

Above 50,000 persons have left the city; population remaining 280,000.

Five grain elevators were burned, with 1,000,000 bushels of grain; leaving us with eleven grain warehouses intact, containing 5,000,000 bushels.

One half of our stock of pork products, were burned up, with the same proportion of flour.

Of lumber 50,000,000 feet were burned; the stock remaining is 240,000,000 feet.

Of coal 80,000 tons were burned up; we have 79,000 tons on hand.

Our stock of leather was decreased one quarter, the value of that burned up being \$95,000.

The greater portion of the stock of groceries, dry goods, and boot and shoes were burned up, with more than one half the ready made clothing but the quantities destroyed were scarcely equal to more than a three weeks supply, and are now being rapidly replaced.

Not more than 10 per cent of the currency was destroyed by the fire; we have 30,000 houses left standing, and our real estate could not burn up.

A careful average of these larger items, with smaller ones that need not be enumerated, shows that the city, near the old Holcombe Farm, a pocket book containing a sum of money, and a First Paper, which the owner can have by paying property and paying for this advertisement. Inquire at this office.

The loss is a great one; but, so far from irretrievable, that we may confidently hope to see a return to former prosperity ere long. The ratio of increase during the past thirty-four years has averaged 10 to 12 per cent annum. This rate would restore the status of a month ago, within three years. Making every due allowance for the terrible set back experienced, there can be no doubt that five years hence, most, the exhibit of population, wealth, commerce, and manufacture will be greater than a month ago.

Already the city is rising from its ashes at a rapid rate, thanks to the large-hearted liberality of our countrymen everywhere, and the restless energy of our own citizens.

Let the faint-hearted ones take courage; the real workers have not wavered a moment in regret; after they have repaired their losses there will be no occasion for it.

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Thomas Stokely, of Philadelphia (father of young Stokely, who was convicted of the murder of Geo. Norup at Duluth and sentenced to imprisonment for life) was elected Mayor of Philadelphia at the recent election.

The Chicago Historical Society paid \$25,000 for a copy of President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation—bought at that price at the Chicago Sanitary fair. That precious document was burned up at the late conflagration.

The Chicago Tribune publishes the affidavit of the man and his wife in whose barn the great fire originated, to the effect that they did not milk the cows after dark by the light of a kerosene lamp; that they had been to bed some time when the fire occurred. It also publishes the affidavit of one of the neighbors of these people, who says he discovered the fire in the loft of the barn and gave the alarm, and that he went into the house and found the owners asleep. This would indicate that the fire had been set by some one who was intent on plunder.

It is said that in the Chicago fire, all safes not encased in vaults have proved total wrecks with occasional exceptions. This is owing chiefly to the great lack of water and engines to cool them off as usual. Nearly all vaults have proved to be fire-proof.

From the Minneapolis Tribune. Pyramids are now in order. The Republican pyramid for this campaign up to the present stands about thus:—

OHIO.  
LO. W. A.  
MAINE.  
MONTANA.  
CALIFORNIA.  
NEW MEXICO.  
PENNSYLVANIA.  
NORTH CAROLINA.

Meanwhile the Democratic pyramid for this campaign stands thus:—

KENT.  
UCK.  
Y.  
!

with the possible addition of Texas to raise it.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## WINTER WHEAT FLOUR

Made from

Southern Winter Wheat,  
And every Sack and Barrel  
Warranted.

BUTLER, BRONSON & CO.

Oct 27th

## Shade Trees.

All persons desiring Shade Trees are notified that the undersigned is prepared to fill all orders. A. H. Davis

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given to the same.

GEO. DAVIS.

DOCTOR KINKLE,  
Office and residence,  
Cor. Chestnut & Second Streets.  
Oct 27th

## AGENTS

## WANTED

For the cheapest Patent

## SPRING BED

Sells for \$6.00.

Also, Patent Clothes Dryer.

JNO. Q. ADAMS,

Oct 27th

## FOUND.

On the Lakewood road, about three miles from this city, near the old Holcombe Farm, a Pocket Book containing a sum of money, and a First Paper, which the owner can have by paying property and paying for this advertisement. Inquire at this office.

E. MUNCH & CO.

Oct 27th

## Cascade Mills,

Oscceola, Wisconsin,

All kinds of

## FLOUR & FEED

Constantly on hand and for sale.

Oct 27th

## LUMBERMEN

Please take notice that we are prepared to store Corn and Oats and other grain, and grind the same for the plowshares, on very reasonable terms. Shipments solicited.

Oct 27th



## SAVE MONEY

WHEN

YOU CAN.

TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.

LOOK AT OUR

GOODS

AND

Price Them,

Before Purchasing Elsewhere.

Our Stock Consists of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

FURNISHING GOODS

NOTIONS

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

IRON,

STEEL,

AND NAILS,

HARD-WARE

WOODEN-WARE,

GLASS-WARE,

AND CROCKERY

PARLOR AND

COOKING STOVES.

TIN-WARE

And A Good Many Other

Things To Numerous

To Mention!!

WE WARRANT

ALL GOODS

AND DELIVER TO ANY

WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS.

TORINUS, STAPLES & CO.

## Lake Superior & Mississippi R. R.

On and after Sept. 20, 1871, Trains will run as follows:

Leave Stillwater.	7:30 A. M.	2:30 P. M.
Arrive at Minneapolis.	8:10 A. M.	3:00 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul.	9:10 A. M.	4:15 P. M.
Leave Minneapolis.	1:50 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
Arrive at St. Paul.	2:25 P. M.	5:30 P. M.
Arrive at Stillwater.	3:45 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
Leave at 8 P. M. Junction with the Northern Pacific Railroad. Trains connect to Wyoming for Chicago City and Taylors Falls, North Branch for Sunfish Lake, and Duluth for Superior City and Bayfield.		
Trains will stop at Hinckley 20 minutes for dinner, which will be served by Frank Peck, Esq.		
W. W. HUNTERFORD, Gen'l Ticket Agent.		
W. S. ALEXANDER, Gen'l Ticket Agent.		

## MAIL ARRANGEMENT

AT THE

## STILLWATER POST OFFICE.

St. Paul and Eastern Mail-Daily.	Arrives 10:30 a.m. in Close.	2:00 p.m.
Hudson—Daily.	9:30 a.m. in Close.	
Arrives 9:30 a.m. in Close.	10:30 a.m.	
Marietta, Taylors Falls and Cr. Falls—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.	10:30 p.m. in Close.	10:30 a.m.
Arrives 10:30 p.m. in Close.	10:30 a.m.	
Hastings—Arrives Tuesdays and Fridays—Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays.	6:00 p.m. in Close.	7:00 a.m.
Arrives 6:00 p.m. in Close.	7:00 a.m.	
Lincoln Center—Arrives Tuesdays—Leaves Wednesdays.	6:00 p.m. in Close.	7:00 a.m.
Arrives 6:00 p.m. in Close.	7:00 a.m.	

WISCONSIN.

The La Crosse Republican and Leader publishes correspondence from the scene of the devastation in the northeastern part of the state, from which we take this harrowing portion:

At a shingle mill, about six miles from Little Strurgeon everything was in a blaze in a moment. Out of 70 persons living around the mill, only 16 escaped. About 50 rushed to a potato patch, and 15 of them were killed. A man who escaped by running to a clump of hard wood trees saw the whole disaster. The flames rolled over in immense volumes, and dipped down into the clearing, and as the fire swept over the heads of the people who had taken refuge there, they fell down and were burned. Most of them seemed to be suffocated; not many died from burning. This man, after the flames disappeared, which he says was in about sixteen minutes, went to them, and found forty-five dead in a pile. Some few were alive, but burning, and one old woman alone was unburnt. He threw water on the living and put out the fire. The dead were so burned that few of them could be recognized. So 46 poor mortals perished. In the vicinity 68 are known to have been killed, and how many more, no one can tell, for the roads are completely impassable, and there is no definite news yet from outside.

Dated Stillwater, Oct. 18th, 1871.

**STATE OF MINNESOTA.** County of Washington, in Probate Court. In the matter of the last will and testament of Christian Blodhauer, late of Woodbury, in this county, deceased, having been deposited in this court on the 1st day of October, 1871, a copy of the same, with will annexed by me being read by the testator.

It is ordered, That said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater, on the 1st day of November next, at 1 o'clock, p. m. of that day.

And it is further ordered, That notice of said application be published by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the *Stillwater Messenger*, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

Dated Stillwater, Oct. 18th, 1871.

E. G. BROWN, Judge of Probate.

**STATE OF MINNESOTA.** County of Washington, in Probate Court. In the matter of the estate of John M. Henry, late of said county deceased.

Upon the application of George B. L. Bentz, representing, among other things, that he is the widow of said Jacob M. Henry, deceased, and praying that the same be granted, and that an administrator be issued to Randolph Lehmle upon said estate.

It is ordered, that said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater, on the 1st day of October, 1871.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested in said estate, and that the same be published for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the *Stillwater Messenger*, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

Dated Stillwater, Oct. 18th, 1871.

E. G. BROWN, Judge of Probate.

**COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.** The undersigned having been appointed Commissioner of Probate Court of Washington County, State of Minnesota, Commissioners receive, examine and adjudge all claims and demands against the estate of John M. Henry, late of Woodbury, in said county, and the same are hereby given.

Notice is hereby given, that we will attend to the business of the estate of John M. Henry, late of Woodbury, in said county, on the 1st Saturday of October, 1871, and the 2d Saturday of November, 1871, and the 3d Saturday of December, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the office of the Commissioner of Probate Court of Washington County, at Stillwater, Minn.

It is ordered, that said application be heard and determined before me at my office in the city of Stillwater, on the 1st day of October, 1871.

And it is further ordered, that notice of said application be published by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the *Stillwater Messenger*, a weekly newspaper published in said county of Washington.

Dated Stillwater, Oct. 18th, 1871.

E. G. BROWN, Judge of Probate.

**NOTICE.** Physician and Surgeon.

STILLWATER, MINN.

Office over Torinus, Staples & Co's Store, Nov. 17 Next to Republican Club.

Will buy and sell Wheat, Corn and Oats on Commission. The highest price paid for Wheat at all times.

Shipments made to Duluth and East at the lowest rates.

Office at the Elevator. Stillwater, June 8th, 1871.

**MONEY TO LOAN**

For a Term of Years.

ON IMPROVED FARMS

In Washington Co.

WM. M. MCCLURE

STILLWATER, MINN.

JOHN A. WEIDE'S

NEW

PIANO FORTE ROOMS,

No. 198½ Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Shingle Mills, Bolting, Hose and Packing.

STEAM PUMPS, SAWS AND BRASS GOODS,

Wood and Iron Working Machinery,

Railroad, Mill, Steamboat, Brewers, Plumbers, Stonemasons and Glass Fitters Supplies. Paintings every variety.

IRON AND LEAD PIPE, TIN AND ANTIMONY.

PLUMBING done in any part of the State. Plans and estimates made for STEAM HEATING for Public and Private Buildings.

July 1871.

**PIANOS**

—OF—

Weber & Stock

FOR SALE.

COR. SECOND AND CHESTNUT STREET, STILLWATER, MINN.

Having returned from the East with one of the largest and best selected stock

of Melodeons & Organs.

NEW PIANOS EXCHANGED

For old ones at reasonable figures.

PIANOS FOR RENT.

Correspondence solicited.

August 1st.

**For Sale at a Bargain.**

New Steam Saw Mill.

in P. T. Smith's, town of Stillwater. It is the best of its kind, nearly all new. Roomage for a hundred men of logs. Terms apply to U. S. Follett, at the First National Bank, Hastings, or to

STEPHEN GARDNER, of Stillwater.

S. SELLECK,

Dealer in

CLOTHING, FURNISHED GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES

Hats, Caps, &c.

Showroom Main St., two doors above corner of Chestnut

and Nicollet.

—Dr. Foster says the St. Louis

county fair was a great success.

Also sole agent for Washington Co., for McKenney's Buckeye Grub and Stump Medicin

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# The Messenger.

FRIDAY, OCT. 27, 1871.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

### LOCAL BREVIETIES.

A man laid the dust on Wednesday.

There will be trotting and running races at Rutherford Park on Saturday afternoon.

The tow boat Louisville is laid up for the season on the Wisconsin shore for repairs.

Forty head of cattle arrived on Saturday from Texas for Isaac Staples' meat market.

The assessor's returns of beer manufactured in this city during the past year are \$2,578 barrels.

There were nearly sixty couples and a happy time at the Deutscher Verein Hall on Monday evening.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church in this city, sent off last week, seven barrels of excellent clothing for the relief of sufferers in this State.

On Tuesday afternoon the sunlight was dimmed by a smoky atmosphere, probably from the burnt districts of Wisconsin and Michigan.

Mr. J. F. Tostevin, of the Steam Marble Works, St. Paul, in the city putting up the elegant marble and grates in Mr. Isaac Staples' mansion.

The roof of the new Penitentiary building is just completed, the outside scaffolding will soon be removed, and the plastering on the inside to be commenced.

This handsome marble tablet made by Mr. J. F. Tostevin, of the Minnesota Steam Marble Works, St. Paul, placed in the front of Hersey & Staples' new block, bears this inscription: "Hersey & Staples, 1871."

Cal. Furgeson, the well known conductor on the train from this city to Minneapolis, while sportively scuffling with a friend in this city a few days since, slipped and broke his ankle, and is laid up for some weeks. This is unfortunate to him both as regards business and pleasure, as he was to be married in a few days. Mr. Tyler, whose name so sickly slid over the injunction at the Minneapolis bridge, takes for the present the place of Mr. Furgeson, who we hope may soon recover and be happy, and not again realize the truth of the adage, "There's many a slip," etc.

Fine Arts.—Mr. J. A. Hekking, an eminent landscape painter of New York city, has recently moved to Minnesota for the health of his wife, and has taken a studio in Minneapolis. Unfortunately, all the pictures Mr. Hekking can paint for the present are engaged in New York, but we trust he will, after a time, be able to paint some for the art loving citizens of our own State. Mr. Hekking was in this city yesterday.

PERSONAL.—Judge F. M. Crosby and Mr. Kennedy of Hastings, were in the city on Tuesday.

Major Shaw of the Minnesota *Newspaper*, and wife, spent last Sabbath in this city.

Rev. J. C. Cadwell, formerly pastor of the Second Presbyterian church in this city, but now at West Salem, near La Crosse, was in the city a few days since.

Mr. S. Lee Morris, head clerk at the Superior depot, who has been very sick with typhoid fever, is now recovering rapidly, and has gladdened the hearts of his friends by appearing again upon our streets, though still thin and pale.

Robert Eckford, Merchant Tailor, St. Paul, was in town on Wednesday.

Woman's Work in the Church.—This address delivered by the Very Rev. Dean Howson, of England, Baltimore, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 17th, will be read at the Episcopal church, by the Rev. Mr. Hills, next Sunday evening. Services at 7. Seats free.

Is He Innocent?—An effort is reported as about to be made to secure the pardon of Harvey McGregor, sent to the penitentiary here three years ago from St. Paul, on the charge of forgery, his conduct having been unusually good, and other circumstances speaking in his favor. Since the above rumor was heard, the St. Paul *Press* has this item:

A rumor was current on the streets yesterday that Harvey McGregor, was sent to the State Prison a couple of years ago for forging the receipt book, was innocent, some new facts fixing the guilt upon another party. Further developments will be anxiously looked for.

The name forged was that of Putnam & Fair, and it was J. B. Schleifer who was first arrested, McGregor was who was express messenger, claiming that he took a money package to Putnam & Fair's store, and that Mr. Schleifer, who was in their employ, and about buying them out, received the money and gave the receipt. Experts swore that Mr. Schleifer's handwriting resembled that of the forged name, but it was held that the handwriting of McGregor remained if still more, and Schleifer was finally acquitted and McGregor convicted.

There were various rumors, reports and speculations at the time of trial, McGregor accepted his fate silently and bravely, yet no one could see that he felt the disgrace intensely and that it required all the force of his nature to sustain his composure; it appeared as if he felt more for some one else, dear to him, than himself.

An effort was made nearly a year ago to obtain his pardon, but it is said that McIntire, the express agent, refused then to sign the petition, but said that he would do so this year.

Collection for the Clergy and Poor-House Hospital of Chicago.—At the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, now in session in Baltimore, a resolution was passed appointing the Rev. Dr. Locke, the Rev. Dr. Thompson, and Judge Otis, all of Chicago, to receive the offerings of the Episcopal Church for the relief of the suffering clergy, and for the wants of St. Luke's Hospital in that city. Collections will be made in Ascension Church, in this city, next Sunday, morning and evening, for this object.

Universalist Church.—Rev. Jas. Martin, formerly of St. Paul, will preach at the above church on Sunday morning and evening.

## ELEVATOR AND RAILROAD NOTES.

Price of wheat \$1.05 and \$1.10, being an advance of five cents.

Over ninety thousand bushels of wheat have been taken in at the elevator during the past week. 40,000 bushels more have arrived and lay in barges near the elevator, ears not coming fast enough to allow all to be transferred. Some days over a hundred car loads a day leave for Duluth.

800 bushels have been received here from teams.

Receipts are reported light and falling off, all the way down the river.

The season's receipts here, handled by the elevator, foot up to about one million bushels.

At the railroad depot we have received by river over 3,000 barrels of flour,

2,300 barrels of salt, 3,800 sacks of barley,

and a large amount of miscellaneous freight.

### RIVER NEWS.

There have been 34 steamboat arrivals during the past week, making the sum total for this season, 677.

The largest steamers continue to arrive regularly from the Lower Mississippi with large amounts of freights for this city, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and the Red River country.

Sold His Farm.—Mr. Theodore Furber, of Cottage Grove, has sold his farm of two hundred and twenty acres, with first class buildings, for twenty thousand dollars.

Mr. Furber and family are going to California to spend the winter. We hope and expect to see them back again next summer, to stay.

### SCHOOL FUND.

The amount of money received by this County, from the State Auditor on the October apportionment of the State School Fund, is \$5,267.54. The apportionment was on the ration of 81 cents per scholar, their being 4,034 pupils in Washington County. The March apportionment was on the ratio of 24 cents a pupil, making \$1.05 a pupil for the year.

The whole apportionment for the State for the year was \$163,325.25.

### STILLWATER PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The following is the report of the attendance at the public schools of this city for the month ending Oct. 20th:

#### HIGH SCHOOL.—J. M. KNIGHT.

Total attendance, 87.

Average, " 35.

NO. 2—MRS. M. R. JENNERS.

Total attendance, 40.

Average, " 37.

GRADE 3—MISS FANNIE A. MOSS.

Total attendance, 54.

Average, " 51.

GRADE 4—M. S. WHOLMES.

Total attendance, 50.

Average, " 48.

GRADE 5—MISS WALKER.

Total attendance, 51.

Average, " 43.

GRADE 6—MISS ELIA J. PAY.

Total attendance, 61.

Average, " 57.

GRADE 7—MISS BISHOP.

Total attendance, 57.

Average, " 67.

GRADE 8—MISS COLE.

Total attendance, 58.

Average, " 52.

GRADE 9—MISS MC'CREATHAN.

Total attendance, 45.

Average, " 40.

GRADE 10—MISS O'BRIEN.

Total attendance, 64.

Average, " 58.

GOVERNMENT HILL—MRS. ROOD.

Total attendance, 72.

Average, " 67.

SCHULENBERG SCHOOL—MISS SMITH.

Total attendance, 68.

Average, " 55.

RUDOLPH LEHMICKE,

Superintendent.

J. M. KNIGHT, Principal.

OLD SETTLERS' EXCURSION.—Two car loads of ladies and gentlemen who were in the State previous to 1850, left this city on Wednesday morning on the excursion to Red River, given by Hon. Geo. L. Becker, to the Old Settlers of Minnesota. Many got on board the train just as it started—we were unable to obtain a complete list, we give it however, far as possible, the gentlemen named being generally accompanied by their wives:

Elam Greeley, Harvey Wilson, Dick Farmer, C. A. Bromley, Henry Kettnerberg, Jesse H. Soule, Jake Fisher, D. B. Lyman, Martin Mower, Mr. McKeen, Hugh Burns, Wm. Holcomb, Mr. Trask, York, Robert Simpson, Oliver Parsons, Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. H. A. Jackson.

The excursionists went by the way of St. Paul, where large numbers joined them. They left there at 12 p. m., gained large accessions at St. Anthony and Minneapolis, and on reaching Wilmar, at 7:30 p. m., the excursionists numbered 346, of whom 112 were ladies. They took supper at Wilmar, then went to Morris and stayed over night. The track was finished to Brookings the same day, and on Thursday morning the train ran through and the Old Settlers pic-nicked on the banks of Red River. They returned to St. Paul Thursday night and return here to-day. Their details are to late for this paper. We regret this exceedingly, but cannot insert without missing the mails.

COLLECTION FOR THE CLERGY AND POOR-HOUSE HOSPITAL OF CHICAGO.—At the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, now in session in Baltimore, a resolution was passed appointing the Rev. Dr. Locke, the Rev. Dr. Thompson, and Judge Otis, all of Chicago, to receive the offerings of the Episcopal Church for the relief of the suffering clergy, and for the wants of St. Luke's Hospital in that city. Collections will be made in Ascension Church, in this city, next Sunday, morning and evening, for this object.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.—Rev. Jas. Martin, formerly of St. Paul, will preach at the above church on Sunday morning and evening.

## PREMIUMS

Given by the Washington County Agricultural Society, at their Fair held at Cottage Grove Oct. 4th and 5th, 1871.

### CLASS 4—CATTLE.

Durham bull, Morgan May, 1st prem

" J. P. Farber, 2d prem

Devon bull, yearling, E. M. Cox

Durham cow, D. A. Kemp

" J. P. Farber

Brown calf, (grade) J. P. Farber

Devon heifer, 2 yrs old, G. P. Reynolds

Cow and calf, (grade) Mr. Truxx

Heifer (yearling) J. H. Cran

CLASSE B—HORSES.

Stallion, Chas Pennington

" 4 years old, Wm. Ruinsford

" 2 " " "

Spring colt, E. Link

Broad mare and colt, Jas Middleton

4 year old mare, E. Ayres

" B. Comstock

" A. McHattie

" colts, E. Wilkins

2 " Jas Middleton

" F. Nieman

" F. Melicke

Yearling colt, A. McHattie

Thoroughbred stallion, Wm. Grinnell

Best pair of draft horses, Wm. Keene

2d do do J. H. Cran

Best pair of mules, Geo. Grinnell

Best pair of carriage horses, Mrs. May

2d do do E. Swanson

Best single carriage horse, H. Lowell

2d do do J. A. McClusky

Best trained saddle horse, Wm. Thompson

2d do do J. Mosier

Lady's saddle pony, E. B. Scofield

DIVISION C—SHIRES.

Cowshorn buck, Wm. Fowler

Southdown buck, Wm. H. Geissel

Merino buck, E. B. Scofield

Lincoln Lester buck, M. May

do do do lambs, do

Lester Ewes, John Larimio

do sheep, A. McHattie

1 per Merino sheep, J. H. Munger

2d Southdown ewes, Jas Middleton

DIVISION D—SWINE & POULTRY.

Best Chester, white boar, Wm. Fowler

2d do do F. W. Treager